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LATEST FASHIONS
IN KNITWEAR AND JERSEY SUITS

MARGINAL COLUMN

By NISSIM REJWAN

THERE was a time when the Cairo daily "Al Ahram", used to be called, with some justification, "The Times" of the Middle East. With the advent of the Army Junta, and especially after the ouster of Gen. Nagib, there was a drastic drop in standard and the paper's editor was replaced: "Al Ahram" became, along with all other Egyptian newspapers, a mouthpiece of the existing regime. Yet for some obscure reason the present Government found the paper still not good enough and the firm was recently "nationalized," with the Government buying up the majority of shares in the business. A new editor was appointed—the able young journalist Muhammed Hassanein Haikal, editor-in-chief of the weekly "Akher Sa'ah." Haikal is known for his close personal friendship with the Egyptian President and is reliably reported to be the real author of Nasser's major addresses and other literary efforts, including the celebrated "Philosophy of the Revolution." Under his editorship, "Al Ahram" can thus be considered not only an official organ — that can be said about all Egyptian publications —but also an accurate gauge of political opinion in the highest places in the Egyptian capital.

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ON Friday, "Al Ahram" had what journalists call a "scoop." Eighteen persons belonging to an underground movement, "the Egyptian Communist Party," have been committed to trial by the Public Prosecutor; the aim of the movement was to "apply the Communist creed in Egypt." In itself, of course, the story is of no special significance, although one was under the impression that the Egyptian Communists had on several occasions declared their support of the present regime — as indeed they should if they are not, say, Trotskyites or diehard Stalinists. Yesterday, however, "Al Ahram" carried a leading article entitled "Positive Neutralism." A common enough subject for editorial writers on Egyptian newspapers, you would say: something to do with Syria, with the Henderson mission, or with the policy statement of the Lebanese Premier on Thursday. Nothing of the sort. The editorial was occasioned by nothing more spectacular than the committing to trial of the 18 alleged Communists; its aim was to show how genuine Egypt's Positive Neutralism was, how earnestly she pursued this principle. Egypt, the paper declared, advocates Positive Neutralism because she genuinely believes in it; while she seeks the friendship of both East and West, she resists Communism in her own land. She believes neither in American creeds nor in Communist principles.

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THE timing of this story, and the fact that the campaign has been initiated by "Al Ahram", are significant. The events in Syria, and the alarm caused in Western quarters by these events, have apparently given Abdul Nasser an opening, and he seems determined to seize his chance; after all, he is catching the U.S. State Department in the right mood. The final disappointment in Syria, and Mr. Henderson's discovery that there is not much that can be done about it, have put Abdul Nasser in a more favourable light in the eyes of the West. The shaky character of the Jordan regime and the lukewarm attitude latterly evinced by King Saud may have also convinced the Americans that they will have to come to terms with Nasser. The fact that the Egyptian President is indirectly encouraging this impression, however, need not imply any basic change in his attitude toward the West; it certainly does not imply disapproval of Syria's policy. All it means is that Nasser needs a breathing space, a period of time in which he can again ride the Arab nationalist horse unopposed and prepare his next move in peace. He no doubt realizes that a temporary understanding with the Americans would be imperative if he is to gain enough time to brandish his weapons.

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WHETHER Nasser will succeed in his new manoeuvre should not depend on the West's powers of credulity about stories such as the forthcoming trial of the 18 "Communists." The main point about Soviet infiltration in Syria and Egypt is that it has nothing to do with Communism as a political creed and an economic system. All good Khrushchevians must be aware that Russia's sole concern in the Middle East is to secure a foothold and destroy the system of military alliances meant to defend the area against eventual aggression. This of course is all very legitimate power politics, but it should not be mistaken for a Communist crusade. While the Soviet Union is eager to establish itself in the region it has, for the time being at least, no intention of converting people like the Imam of Yemen, the landowning Syrian President, or even Abdul Nasser himself to the Communist creed. Soviet penetration of the Middle East and the dissemination of Communism in the area are two separate issues.

Jerusalem, September 1.

Asian Posts For Molotov And Kaganovitch

MOSCOW, Saturday. — Mr. Vyacheslav Molotov, disgraced former Soviet Foreign Minister, has been appointed Ambassador to Outer Mongolia (the Mongolian People's Republic), TASS announced last night, while informed sources in the Soviet capital said today that Mr. Lazar Kaganovitch, former First Deputy Premier, has been assigned to run a cement factory in the Urals, about 1,600 kms. from Moscow.

Both were stripped of their Government and Party posts in July, together with former Deputy Premier and Electric Power Stations Minister Georgi Malenkov, who was shortly afterwards assigned to manage a power plant in Kazakhstan, Central Asia.

Molotov

The Soviet public learned of Mr. Molotov's new post today through a two-sentence announcement on the back pages of Moscow's newspapers which merely contained the official TASS statement.

Informed sources said that both Mr. Molotov and Mr. Kaganovitch were still in the Soviet capital, and a Soviet press spokesman said Mr. Molotov would leave for the Mongolian capital of Ulan Bator "according to his own plans."

Kaganovich

Shepilov in Hospital

Former Foreign Minister Dmitri Shepilov, who was purged at the same time as the other three Soviet leaders, was reported to be in a Moscow hospital.

Mr. Molotov's new appointment takes him to a mountainous state, with a population of about one million, sandwiched between Asiatic Russia and China. Its capital, Ulan Bator, is about 5,600 kms. from Moscow.

Last Wednesday, Moscow Radio announced the abolition of the Ministry of State Control, headed by Mr. Molotov before his recent dismissal from the Soviet hierarchy.

The Government Press Office said it had "no information" on Mr. Kaganovitch's reported new appointment, but informed sources said an announcement is expected shortly. They added that the factory he would run is in Asbest, where thousands of former German prisoners of war had worked in asbestos mines until 1955.

(UP, Reuter)

Early Showdown On Disarmament Seen

WASHINGTON, Saturday (UP). — The U.S. is getting ready for an early showdown meeting with the Soviet Union on disarmament prospects, officials said today.

Mr. Harold E. Stassen, top American disarmament adviser, was reported to believe that the "official" Moscow answer to the West's 11-point disarmament plan may be forthcoming on Tuesday or Wednesday.

Mr. Stassen flew home from the London disarmament meeting after the Soviet delegate, Mr. Valerian Zorin, sharply attacked the West's "package" disarmament move. Mr. Stassen conferred at the White House with President Eisenhower and Secretary of State John Foster Dulles shortly after arriving yesterday.

He tentatively scheduled to meet with Mr. Dulles on Monday prior to returning to London. The Disarmament Sub-Committee meets there on Tuesday.

May Adjourn Talks

U.S. officials said if Moscow shows any interest in Western proposals, the disarmament negotiations will continue or be recessed temporarily. They said if Moscow follows up its recent tough anti-disarmament policy, the London talks might adjourn for months.

Mr. Stassen, upon arrival in Washington, refused to give up hope. Despite Mr. Zorin's brusque and almost defiant attitude at the last London meeting on Thursday, Mr. Stassen said he still believes the Soviets are negotiating seriously on disarmament. He preferred to regard Mr. Zorin's remarks as "preliminary" pending further reaction next week after the Kremlin has studied the Western plan.

Mr. Stassen's somewhat optimistic view is by no means unanimous in Washington. Many officials believe the Soviets are trying to end the disarmament talks as soon as they can find a way to do so gracefully. This would fit in with a general hardening of the Soviet foreign policy line on the German, Middle Eastern and other key East-West issues, in addition to disarmament.

Meanwhile, a Moscow Radio commentator said yesterday there could be little doubt that the Western proposals for disarmament "will receive the Soviet Government's proper consideration."

Hungary Deposes 2 Catholic Bishops

VIENNA, Saturday. — The Hungarian Government announced today it has deposed two Roman Catholic bishops and "banished" them to the tiny village of Hejoece in north-eastern Hungary, Budapest Radio reported.

At the same time, there were growing indications that the Communists are about ready to stage propaganda "trials" of ex-Premier Imre Nagy and Father Egon Trucsanyi, Secretary of Cardinal Josef Mindszenty.

Imre Miklos, Deputy Chairman of the Communist Church Office, said the prelates who have been restricted to Hejoece are Bishops Bertalan Badalik of Veszprem, and Jozsef Peteri of Vac.

Vice-Premier Antal Apro told a Communist meeting yesterday in Kaposvar that Nagy, the Premier who was overthrown by the Russians, should be hailed before a court "to answer for his crimes." In Budapest, the Foreign Ministry spokesman said Turcsanyi will be tried as soon as the "taking of evidence is concluded."

The cardinal's secretary is one of a number of priests charged with "counterrevolutionary acts and the theft of secret documents from the Church Office on the order of Cardinal Mindszenty."

Meanwhile, it was reported from New York today that Mr. Henry Cabot Lodge, U.S. permanent representative to the U.N., has invited a number of delegations to meet on Tuesday for discussions on "a common approach" to the Hungarian question.

The U.S. has been holding private talks for the past two weeks in an effort to gain support for a draft resolution to go before the special session of the General Assembly.

(UP, Reuter)

Explosives Found In West Cyprus

NICOSIA, Saturday (Reuter). — Security forces found a bomb, dynamite, detonators and explosives during a search of two villages in west Cyprus, it was announced today.

In New York, tens of thousands of Americans of Greek and Cypriot origin plan a warm welcome for Archbishop Makarios, who sailed from Greece today on a private visit to the U.S.

The Archbishop is due in New York on September 11 and his first scheduled public engagement will be an address to the Council of Foreign Relations.

U.K. Note Says Soviets Evasive

LONDON, Saturday (UP). — Prime Minister Harold Macmillan yesterday delivered his reply to the Soviet Premier Nikolai Bulganin's recent appeal for better relations between the two countries, authoritative sources reported.

The sources said the reply termed Mr. Bulganin's letter "disappointing" and "unconstructive," but left the door open to further diplomatic exchanges. The text of the note was handed to the Kremlin yesterday, but it will be released only next Tuesday.

Mr. Bulganin's letter of July 20 reviewed Anglo-Russian and international relations and accused Britain of blocking East-West agreement on a first stage disarmament agreement.

It also alleged a "deal" between the Western powers and the Government of Chancellor Konrad Adenauer to use the current disarmament talks in London to aid the campaign of Adenauer's Christian Democrats in the West German general election next month.

The Soviet note was studied closely for some time by Government experts here who reached the conclusion that it offered no constructive proposals for the relaxation of East-West tension. Mr. Macmillan himself was reported to have since concluded from Mr. Bulganin's letter that Russia has failed to offer any signs of a change of heart beyond the face-lift of the Stalinist despotism.

The British reply was understood to point to the West's latest offer for a first stage disarmament agreement and the concessions the West has made since the talks opened in London five months ago which Russia's Valerian Zorin has rejected out of hand.

Moreover, Britain has let it be understood in Moscow that the solution of the German problem remains the key to a progressive improvement in East-West relations and the effective ending of the cold war.

Nor is Britain satisfied with Mr. Bulganin's recent evasive remarks on the Middle East and his assurances that Moscow's policy in that region was peaceful.

Russia to Donate Buildings to Burma

MOSCOW, Saturday (Reuter) — The Soviet Union and Burma have signed an agreement in Rangoon under which Russia will erect a number of buildings in Burma as a gift, Tass reported yesterday.

The buildings will include a technological institute, a hotel, restaurant, shops, a cinema, and a hospital, the report said.

ANNIVERSARY CABLE FROM CAIRO JAIL

CAIRO, Saturday (Reuter). — Mr. James Swinburn, spending a five-year sentence in Cairo for spy charges, has been allowed to send his wife in England a 23rd wedding anniversary cable. He had been refused permission to telephone her.

Mr. Swinburn was formerly manager of the Cairo office of the Arab News Agency.

U.S. Tests 2nd Medium Range Rocket

CAPE CANAVERAL, Florida, Saturday. — An intermediate range missile believed to be the air force Thor was fired from here yesterday.

If the missile was the Thor it would be the first sucessful launching of this projectile. The missile rapidly gained speed and was thousands of feet high in the air when it began to veer east.

On Wednesday, a Jupiter intermediate range missile was successfully fired from here. The Russians on Monday had announced that they had successfully tested an intercontinental ballistics missile capable of landing "anywhere on the earth."

The U.S. yesterday also announced that an atomic device was detonated in the 14th explosion of the 20-shot summer series at the Nevada desert proving grounds. Today another device was exploded.

(Reuter, UP)

Senate Passes Bill Against Fingerprints

WASHINGTON, Saturday (Reuter). — The Senate yesterday sent to President Eisenhower a bill which would abolish the need for foreigners to have their fingerprints taken when they visit the U.S.

The bill would also permit use to be made of 18,656 immigration visas, additional to the normal quota, which remained unused when the 1954 Refugees Relief Act expired last year. It would, in addition, allow an unlimited number of orphans up to the age of 14 who are adopted by U.S. citizens to enter until June 30, 1959, and would remove the ban on the admission of aliens afflicted with tuberculosis if they are the parents, spouses or children of Americans.

CHANCELLOR RAAB HAS HEART ATTACK

LINZ, Saturday (Reuter). — Austrian Federal Chancellor Julius Raab, 66, suffered a slight heart attack near here today while inspecting an agricultural trade fair and was rushed to hospital.

A bulletin issued by two doctors tonight said Mr. Raab's right leg was paralyzed. His general condition was described as "satisfactory."

Malaya Applies For Membership In United Nations

KUALA LUMPUR, Saturday (Reuter). — The Federation of Malaya, which today becomes an independent member of the British Commonwealth, has applied for membership to the U.N.

Prime Minister Tengku Abdul Rahman, who is also the new nation's Foreign Minister, cabled the U.N. Secretary-General, Mr. Dag Hammarskjold, asking him to submit Malaya's application for membership to the next meeting of the Security Council. U.N. officials said a meeting of the Council may be called at the end of next week.

Among the messages of greeting received on the occasion of Malaya's independence was one from the Chinese leader, Mao Tse-tung. In Moscow, the Soviet Communist Party newspaper "Pravda" said today that Malaya's independence was the result of a long struggle against foreign domination. "For decades the people of one of Asia's wealthiest countries have lived in poverty and ignorance. The wealth of the country has served to enrich the English planters and monopolies," it added.

French Farmers Defy Freezing of Prices

PARIS, Saturday (UP). — French farmers announced today their support for the two-day bakers' strike set for September 11 and 12, in a growing compaign of defiance of the Government's anti-inflationary price freeze.

The nation's wheat farmers and millers said they would halt deliveries to the bakeries and the General Confederation of Agriculture announced it would set up road blocks against delivered of milk.

The growing resistance to Finance Minister Felix Gaillard's efforts to save France from bankruptcy through austerity, also had its political repercussions, with the farmers threatening to withdraw their support of the Government of Premier Maurice Bourges-Maunoury.

The loss of the support of the farmers and small business could bring down the Bourges-Maunoury regime. It was the Independents-and-Peasants party, representing France's conservative farming and small business groups, that toppled former Premier Guy Mollet.

M. Bourges - Maunoury made a nation wide radio and television appeal yesterday for support for his financial programme, warning that even more austerity was needed.

French and Egyptians Postpone Talks

GENEVA, Saturday (UP). — The French and Egyptian delegations have postponed today's meeting until Tuesday because both Governments asked for more time to produce the "supplementary information" for which they were asked on Thursday.

Spokesmen for both delegations insisted that there was no rupture, impasse, or discord involved in the temporary break.

Following the mutual agreement for "complete discretion" which has covered the talks since they began on Monday, they again declined to reveal any substantive details.

In Cairo, however, an Egyptian Finance Ministry spokesman said tonight that the two countries have reached agreement in principle at their talks in Geneva on the question of compensation demanded by Egypt for damage caused during the Suez action. He added that the talks were "proceeding satisfactorily" and a French delegation was expected to visit Cairo soon to investigate sequestrated French property.

Million Tons of Oil From Sahara in 1958

PARIS, Saturday (Reuter). — The Minister of the Sahara, M. Max Lejeune, said in Paris yesterday that one million tons of oil would be brought from the Sahara oil fields to the Algerian coast by pipeline and in tanker vehicles by the end of 1958.

Speaking at a press lunch, he said this figure would increase to eight million tons by 1960, and was expected to reach 30 million tons, or one third of France's estimated oil needs, in 1962.

M. Lejeune said most of this oil would come from the Kass Messaoud field where known reserves were estimated at 200m. tons and might perhaps be 100,000m. tons.

Soviets Not Forcing Political Issue

LONDON, Saturday (INA). — There is reason to believe Syrian spokesmen's insistence that their country's recent deal with Russia has been made without any political strings attached, the Middle East correspondent of "The Economist" said in a dispatch from Moscow published yesterday.

He added that for the moment the Russians are pushing a negative aim in Syria—that of keeping out the West—and are doing very nicely without forcing political issues. Whether they can maintain this "holier than thou" attitude is open to question, "but they will be well advised to keep it up if they can. The moment they overstep the mark they are likely to find the Syrians as unpredictable and as difficult as others have found them in the past," the correspondent added.

U.N. Establishes Posts in Syria

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TIBERIAS, Saturday. — Following long-delayed Syrian consent, the U.N. Truce Supervision Organization has now set up three look-out posts along the frontier at Banias, Darbessieh and Galabineh, almost parallel to the U.N. posts on the Israel side.

The only look-out post on the Syrian side so far has been at Butaike where incidents over fishing in Lake Kinneret have occurred in the past.

The new posts resemble those on the Israel side and are manned by two or three observers equipped with a tent, a car, a radio transmitter and a large sign marked "U.N." The corresponding U.N. posts in Israel are at Dan, Tel Katzir, Shamir and Gonen. They were set up following the attack on Gonen last July.

Agreement was then reached with U.N. headquarters for these posts to be set up for one month. It was extended in August for another month, and runs out on September 15.

UNEF RETURNS IRRIGATION PIPES

ASHKELON, Saturday — The UNEF today at noon returned 90 metres of irrigation pipes stolen by infiltrators on Tuesday from Kibbutz Shuval, in the Northern Negev. The pipes were handed over to the Israel authorities at the Erez road block.

Meanwhile, infiltrators last night stole IL250 worth of pipes from Kibbutz Nahal Oz.

Would Not Refuse Ties with Spain

By MAURICE CARR
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS, Saturday. — Mr. Meir Argov, Chairman of the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee, told a press conference here today that, as far as he knew, Israel would not refuse to establish diplomatic relations with Spain if that country made an approach in that direction.

Mr. Argov, who is a member of the Knesset delegation now on its way to Latin America, was replying to a question on the delegation's reaction if politicians in South America raised the issue of future relations between Israel and Spain.

He said: "The question is not, at present, 'on the carpet,' but to my knowledge the Israel Government certainly would not refuse to establish diplomatic relations with Spain if Spain made an approach in this direction.

"On several occasions we voted against Spain in international assemblies but the general attitude in the world toward Spain has changed. Anyway, the domestic regimes of various countries cannot be regarded as a barrier to normal diplomatic relations."

Mr. Argov added: "As far as Spain is concerned, we cannot forget that the Franco regime, though tied to the Axis, helped save the lives of many Jewish refugees fleeing from Nazi persecution, and we also bear in mind that Spain, unlike the Arab countries, has shown a cooperative spirit towards Israel in certain fields, such as in sharing meteorological information. As regards Portugal, we obviously would have no objection to establishing diplomatic relations with her," Mr. Argov added.

Syria Held Unlikely To Plunge into Aggression

Soviet Arms Danger to Israel

JOHANNESBURG, Saturday (INA). — "I am a soldier and not a politician, so do not expect a pronouncement from me," Rav-Aluf Moshe Dayan told a press conference yesterday when asked on Israel action concerning the events in Syria.

However, he pointed out, press reports sum up the situation fairly well. "The Russians are there and we do not like it. It is not only a question of Communism but of Russian arms being supplied to Syria. The fact that an Arab state on our border gets all these arms from Russia is disquieting to us. When you give the Arab states arms and more arms, and speeches hostile to Israel are being made, it is likely to have unfortunate results. Instead of getting peace talks between Arabs and Israel, it will be just the opposite," the Chief of Staff said.

Asked whether there were any truth to press reports of secret peace talks between some Arab states and Israel somewhere in Europe, Rav-Aluf Dayan replied, "If there are such talks, they must be very secret — I know nothing about them. All I know is what is being done openly across our border — the concentration of new arms and the building of new airfields in Arab countries."

Replying to further questions, he said the situation on the Egyptian border at present was better, and was the same along the Jordan and Lebanon borders. The *fedayeen* have been abolished but acts of sabotage are still proceeding, principally in the Lebanon and Jordan. "We believe they are today being mainly directed from Syria."

Rav-Aluf Dayan and his wife received a glowing welcome when they arrived at Jan Smuts Airport on Thursday night. Zionist and communal leaders, and the public gathered at the airport to greet them. The Chief of Staff will address a mass rally of Johannesburg Jewry on Monday.

Lebanese Premier Gets Confidence Vote

BEIRUT, Saturday (UP). — Parliament yesterday approved Premier Sami Solh's new Cabinet by a better than two-to-one majority today after two days of debate.

Solh formally resigned his post after the recent general elections.

During the debate, Foreign Minister Charles Malik said the Lebanon's independence was unaffected by acceptance of the Eisenhower Doctrine. But if the Lebanon asked the U.S. for help against aggression, the U.S. was ready to defend her, he asserted.

This included possible aggression from Israel. "If necessary I would be ready within 48 hours to get a guarantee from the U.S. that she would stand by the Lebanon in the event of Israel aggression," he said.

Hare, Nasser Hold Meeting

Reports over the weekend indicated that a lull may be setting in following the initial flurry over the recent developments in Syria, with no immediate danger of Syria taking any aggressive measures against the neighbouring states.

In Cairo, the U.S. Ambassador, Mr. Raymond Hare, yesterday met with Abdul Nasser for two hours, with the envoy stating that he had discussed "many matters," while Mr. Loy Henderson, the U.S. special envoy to the Middle East, was winding up his talks in Beirut preparatory to returning to Washington.

Mr. Henderson yesterday continued "exploratory" talks with the U.S. Ambassador to Beirut, Mr. Donald Heath. An American spokesman said that Mr. Henderson "is not charged either to advise or to attempt to persuade any state in the Middle East to adopt any specific policy with regard to the problems facing it."

The envoy is expected to remain in Beirut for another day or two before going to Washington. In the American capital, a State Department official said that when he returns, Mr. Henderson will hold consultations with Secretary of State John Foster Dulles and other Department officials on how to deal with the forthcoming U.N. General Assembly sessions as they affect the Middle East.

The London "Daily Telegraph" correspondent in Baghdad reported yesterday that new measures in the Middle East aimed at blocking Communist expansion through Syria are expected from the diplomatic activity in the last couple of weeks.

He said that there appears to be general agreement among Britain, the U.S., and Syria's neighbours that there is no immediate likelihood of Syria adopting any aggression now. He added that Russian influence is likely to restrain Syria from provoking or blundering into armed conflict with her neighbours.

Impression of Peace

The correspondent wrote that Russia, according to official Iraqi sources, will spare no expense and effort in Syria to create the impression that her partners in the Middle East will benefit from her "peaceful" assistance.

(INA, Reuter, UP)

U.S. Embassy Staff Cut in Damascus

By JESSE ZEL LURIE
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

NEW YORK, Saturday. — Warm weather lassitude settled over Washington today as Congressmen hurried homeward and most officials were spending a three-day Labour Day weekend in cooler resorts. The President is planning to begin his Newport vacation in the middle of next week and White House officials fervently hope that no serious developments in the Middle East or elsewhere will take place while he is away.

The policy of inaction in Syria is firmly established, and the only news from Damascus today is that the American Embassy is now reducing its staff because with the Ambassador gone and the Syrians boycotting the Americans there is nothing left for them to do.

State Department Near Eastern officials still at their desks yesterday afternoon cast a jaundiced eye at the Cairo cable that 18 persons were indicted for being members of a Communist underground.

The timing of the announcement to prove that Abdul Nasser is anti-Communist is too transparent to fool even those who would like to believe that he opposed the Syrian coup.

18 'Communists' In Egypt to Be Tried

CAIRO, Saturday (Reuter). — The newspaper "Al Kahira" last night quoted the Chief State Prosecutor, Mustafa Helbawy, as saying the trial of 18 members of the underground Communist Party would take place in October.

"Al Ahram" reported earlier that the 18 belonged to an organization which aimed at overthrowing the present regime.

The arrests were made three months ago, "Al Ahram" said.

Relations Established With Colombia

Israel and Colombia have decided to establish diplomatic relations as from today, the Foreign Ministry announced in Jerusalem last night.

In its statement, the Ministry said: "The Government of Israel welcomes this important event, and is confident that the establishment of diplomatic relations between the two countries will strengthen further the friendship and understanding which has long existed between them."

Mr. Tuvia Arazi has been appointed Israel Minister to Colombia. Mr. Arazi, who resides at Lima, is also Minister to Bolivia, Ecuador and Peru.

Mussolini's Body Given to Wife

PREDAPPIO, Italy, Saturday. — Veteran Fascist militiamen and young neo-Fascists today turned a requiem mass for the late dictator Benito Mussolini into a riotous demonstration as former Blackshirts kept vigil over the remains here of the ex-Duce.

Mussolini's body was handed back to his 68-year-old widow, Donna Rachele, yesterday after the State had kept it hidden for more than 10 years.

More than 600 Fascists broke a pledge to the Government by staging a demonstration in the San Casisiano Cemetery near this Po Valley village.

Donna Rachele was told she would be given her husband's remains shortly after dawn on Thursday while holidaying on the Island of Ischia in the Bay of Naples. The Government put a car at her disposal to enable her to reach Predappio at noon yesterday.

After being recovered from a group of Fascists who had dug it up from an unnamed grave in a Milan cemetery in 1946, the body was hidden on government orders in a Capuchin monastery near Milan. Fewer than 10 people knew the hiding place. The friars of the monastery had no idea of the contents of the case, which was marked "provincial documents."

With her black-shirted escort, Donna Rachele today attended three masses celebrated over the late Duce's remains in the little cemetery chapel of Mussolini's birthplace. The zinc-lined packing case in which Mussolini's body was placed after hanging by the heels at a Milan petrol station beside his mistress, Clara Petacci, in 1945, was then carried down to the crypt of the chapel and placed before the Mussolini family tomb.

Mussolini's burial will take place in two or three days when his surviving children have gathered at Predappio, a member of the family said. Today, only Vittorio Mussolini, the former Duce's eldest son, now aged 43, was with his mother.

Syrian Purge Now Includes Teachers

Seventeen teachers were dismissed in Syria for belonging to the Syrian Nationalist Party, Hani Siba'i, Syrian Minister of Education, announced yesterday, according to Cairo Radio.

The Minister claimed that the majority of the dissolved party's members were involved in plots to overthrow the Syrian Government.

Earlier, the parliamentary National Bloc, out of which the present Government is composed, has called on the Government for an early purge from the administration of all undesirable elements "without paying any attention to party or personal considerations," according to the Arab News Agency.

The agency added that during the last two weeks orders were issued dismissing and transferring a number of officials in the administration, the diplomatic service, the army and the gendarmerie.

A 32-man Soviet mission arrived in Damascus yesterday to attend the opening of the Damascus Trade Fair, today, the B.B.C. reported last night. The mission, which is headed by a Deputy Minister of Trade, will conduct trade talks with the Syrian authorities on the economic relations between the two countries in the light of the recent agreements between them.

Greece Invites Arab Naval Officers

ATHENS, Saturday (Reuter). — Greece has invited Arab countries, including Syria, to send naval officers to study the organization of the Greek Navy, a Foreign Ministry spokesman announced last night.

He denied reports that Greece is prepared to send a naval mission to Syria.

We deeply mourn the death in a traffic accident of

JAMES CRANE

at the age of 33.

The funeral will take place on Monday, September 2, at 10 a.m. in the Protestant Cemetery in Jaffa.

Wife — Hannah Crane;
Children — Michael, Gabi Idith;
Families Crane, Dartford, England;
Dr. D. R. Deutch and Dr. Haspel.
Herzliya Pituah.

BOYS TOWN JERUSALEM
BAYIT VEGAN

We take pleasure in inviting the public to the festive cornerstone laying ceremony of

a vocational training centre for religious youth

which will take place on Tuesday, Sept. 3, 1957, at 5 p.m., in Bayit Vegan (Bus No. 12 to the last stop)

How Many People Read a Newspaper?

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Social & Personal

Mrs. Klara Landau-Bondy, Jerusalem, gave a reception on the occasion of the inauguration of her new Studio for Ballet at the Beit Hinuch Arlosoroff.

BIRTH

LAZAR — To Alice (née Glasel), wife of Arnold (Bumi) Lazar — a son. The Brith Milah will take place on September 3, at 11 a.m., at the Assuta Hospital, Tel Aviv. This is the only intimation.

Partnership with Druse Well-Set, Says Barkatt

YERKA, Saturday. — The partnership between the Druse community and the State is rooted in historical considerations, Mr. R. Barkatt, head of the Minorities Affairs Department of the Histadrut, told Druse notables assembled on the roof of Sheikh Kaber Mu'adi's house here yesterday. The partnership has proved fruitful because both sides had kept their promises, Mr. Barkatt said. He recalled that it was the Mayor of Haifa, Mr. Abba Khoushy, who had laid the bases of this friendship.

Mr. Barkatt and members of the Minorities Department were greeted by Sheikh Jaber and Sheikh Suleiman Tarif, as well as by the principal of the local school. The visitors were honoured by a *fantasiya* of galloping and shooting riders.

Histadrut centres will shortly be opened in Druse villages, Mr. Barkatt said.

Tel Aviv Schools' Opening Dates

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — All Municipal primary schools and kindergartens reopen tomorrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m.

Examinations for new pupils and for entrants to new classes in city high schools grades Aleph to Tet will begin tomorrow at 8.00 a.m. and continue on Monday. Regular studies will commence on Tuesday at 8.

Examinations for pupils in city evening high school Aleph, (34 Rehov Maseh) will be held from Sunday to Tuesday. Studies will commence on Wednesday at 5.25 p.m.

Working Youth Schools Aleph and Beth, will hold their examinations tomorrow and on Monday, with studies starting on Tuesday at 6.00 p.m.

Pupils of the Shevach technical school will be examined tomorrow and Monday, pupils in the second and third forms will start their studies on Tuesday at 8.30 p.m., whilst pupils in the first and fourth forms will begin on Wednesday at the same time.

Lessons at High School Tet will be held for the time being at 34 Rehov Masch.

200 at School In Eilat Today

EILAT, Saturday. — When school opens here tomorrow 200 pupils, divided into eight classes, will take up their studies in the Government School. Classes will be held in the old quarters, and in the new building.

A complete teaching staff has been assembled, and there is no shortage of personnel.

The small number of religious students who registered did not warrant the establishment of a State Religious school. *(Itim.)*

FRENCH PILGRIMS CONCLUDE TOUR

HAIFA, Saturday. — Close to 300 French pilgrims, mostly Sorbonne graduates, spent the last of their seven days in Israel here and in Caesarea. This afternoon they were the guests of the Israel-France Friendship Society at a reception at the Windsor Hotel, which included Israel songs, folk dancing and an address by Chairman B. Gourevitch, to which Abbé Hamel replied.

After sightseeing at Caesarea, the group held a religious service there, the last before embarking in the s.s. Filippo Grimani for home tonight.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Ora, 37 King George, 2042.

TEL AVIV: Schwartz, 17 Allenby, 24665. Hoshkowitz, 25 King George, 62050. Hagalil, 80 Ben Yehuda, 23268. Reitblatt, 19 Nahlat Binyamin. Hadassah, Hatikva Qtr., 67684. JAFFA: Sa'ati, 24 Sderot Yerushalayim, 81445. RAMAT GAN: Lifshits, 19 Herzl, 71771. NATANYA: Hanassi. HOLON: Tikva, Kikar Struma.

HAIFA: Glousman, 13 Balfour, 4761.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Grunwald, 22 Yehoshua Bin-Nun, 62963. Dr. Romanov, 11 Arlosoroff, 81217. Dr. Shakrashi, 8 Beit El, Nahlat Zion.

TEL AVIV: Dr. Grifel, 5 Ben Yehuda 25486. Dr. Shaham, 1 Syrkin, 28642. JAFFA: Dr. Weinberg, 4 Rehov 68.

HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 2 Hanvi'im, 3434.

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post September 1, 1957

In the Supreme Court Sitting As Court of Civil Appeal

Before the Deputy President (Justice Cheshin) Justices Sussman and Landau.

Sereg Adin Ltd., v. 1 The Tel Aviv Municipal Council, 2 Cor. Bartenura & Shelah Streets Co. & Others, (C.A. 247/55).

Tel Aviv Municipality Not Liable for Flood Damage

The Supreme Court dismissed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court delivered on October 18, 1955 (C.C 928/54).

The appellants, Sereg Adin Ltd., a company controlled by Mr. Haim Solnik, occupy a building in Rehov Hashelah, Tel Aviv, which building is owned by Mr. Solnik. The street alongside is unpaved and slopes downwards in the direction of the building. In addition the soil of the street and of the plot on which the building stands is not absorbent, so that when it rains the water runs down towards Mr. Solnik's building and accumulates in front of it.

Realising the potential danger from flooding, Mr. Solnik applied to the Tel Aviv Municipality to take appropriate measures. At the beginning of 1951 the Municipality had a drainage ditch dug which carried the rain water from before Mr. Solnik's house to an adjacent vacant plot of land. They also saw to it that the ditch was kept clear of obstructions.

Then, at the end of 1953, the second respondents started building on the vacant plot and in the process destroyed the drainage ditch, despite Mr. Solnik's protests. He then complained to the Municipality, who sent a labourer to repair the situation. The operation carried out by the labourer proved ineffective, however, and on January 28, 1954, after a heavy fall of rain, the water accumulated alongside Mr. Solnik's house and eventually flooded the well of the staircase and the basement, causing damage to the goods of the Sereg Adin company which were stored there.

The company sued the Municipality and the building company for approximately IL34,000 damages basing their claim against the Municipality on two causes of action: breach of statutory duty under section 55a of the Civil Wrongs Ordinance, and negligence under section 50 of the Ordinance. Their claim against the building company was based on negligence only.

Section 55a(1) states that:

"Breach of a statutory duty consists of the failure by any person to perform a duty imposed upon him by any law . . . which, on a proper construction thereof, was intended to be for the benefit or protection of any other person, whereby such other person suffers damage of a kind or nature contemplated by such law: Provided that such other person shall not be entitled by reason of such failure to any remedy specified in this Ordinance if, on a proper construction of such law, the intention thereof was to exclude such remedy."

The statutory duty which Sereg Adin Ltd. claimed that the Municipality had failed to perform is that contained in section 5 of the Municipal Corporations (Sewerage, Drainage & Water) Ordinance which states, among other things, that the Municipal Council shall "maintain and keep in repair all the sewers, culverts, gutters, drains and water courses vested in them" and that if, by reason of the discontinuance of or the alteration of any of the above, "any person is deprived of the lawful use of any sewer, culvert, gutter or water course, the Municipal Council shall, with due diligence, provide some other as effectual as that of which he is so deprived."

Judge Lowenberg of the Tel Aviv District Court, dismissed the Company's claim against both the Municipality and the other defendants holding that none of them had failed to perform any duty which they owed to the plaintiffs, either under section 55a or section 50 of the Civil Wrongs Ordinance.

In the appeal against this decision, Mr. Dvorin appeared for the appellants, Mr. Silbiger, Mr. Malbin and Mrs. Dinal for the Tel Aviv Municipality and Dr. Manheim for the remaining respondents.

Judgment

Justice Landau, who delivered the judgment of the Supreme Court, dealt firstly with the question of whether the relevant provisions of the Municipal Corporations (Sewerage, Drainage and Water) Ordinance, imposed any duty on the first respondents, since without the existence of a statutory duty the provisions of section 55a of the Civil Wrongs Ordinance would not apply to them.

Section 5(1) of the above Ordinance, he said, applies to sewers which are vested in the Municipal Corporation and presuming that the ditch dug by the Municipality comes under the definition of "sewer" — which does not necessarily and exclusively have to be an underground pipe (see 1903, 2 Ch. 695) — then the question as to whether the ditch were vested in the Municipality must be studied in the light of section 4(1) of the Ordinance which provides that "all existing or future sewers that may be laid through, across or under any street within a municipal area shall be vested in the Municipal Corporation."

On the further presumption, therefore, that the ditch as a whole was vested in the Municipality, Justice Laudau went on to consider the crux of the problem before the court: whether the fact that the Council had failed to provide another ditch in place of that destroyed by the second respondents was sufficient to provide the appellants with a cause of action on the breach of statutory duty.

After discussing this question in the light of the provisions of section 55a of the Civil Wrongs Ordinance and with reference to a series of English and Israel precedents, he concluded that on a proper construction of section 5 of the Sewerage, Drainage and Water Ordinance, it would appear that the intention thereof was to provide that no person shall be entitled to any remedy specified in the Civil Wrongs Ordinance by reason of any failure on the part of the Municipality to provide him with as effectual a sewer as that of which he had been deprived.

Private and Public

He drew this conclusion, continued Justice Landau, from the fact that the Municipal Council is a public body and the duties imposed upon it by the Ordinance are of a public nature, and from the principle which may be found in a series of English precedents in accordance with which a distinction is drawn between the breach of a statutory duty on the part of a private individual against which an action for damages may be brought and that on the part of a public body, in which latter case the remedy is by way of *mandamus* and not by an action for damages. (See 12 Ch. D. 102, and 69 L.T.R. 791.)

To the extent, therefore, said Justice Landau, to which section 5 imposes a duty on the Municipality to provide an alternative sewer in place of one destroyed by some third party, this would indubitably be a public duty for the breach of which a citizen may obtain redress only through the High Court of Justice or, by administrative process, by applying to the District Representative to use the powers given him by section 62 of the Municipal Corporation Ordinance and make an order requiring the Council to fulfil its duty.

Turning next to the general question as to whether it is possible to hold the Council responsible for the flooding of the appellants' basement because during the course of years it had attended to the construction and the cleaning of the drainage ditch alongside Mr. Solnik's house and had made an attempt — albeit an abortive one — to repair the damage done by the second respondents, Justice Landau referred to the principle laid down in East Suffolk etc. v. Kent (1940, 4 AELR, 527) and held that the ineffectual act of the Council had not been the cause of the damage nor was the Council responsible in a case such as the present where they owed no duty to the appellants.

He then went on to dismiss the appellants' arguments that in accordance with sections 96(1) (a) and (b), 96(3) and 98(16) of the Municipal Corporations Ordinance, 1934, the Council was responsible for the alignment of the street, for the drainage of a public street and for the construction of sewers and drains etc., holding that these sections except for 96 (1) (b) applied to the Council's powers to control the acts of others and did not apply to the acts of the Council itself, while section 96(1) (b) referred to the Council's duty to make provision for the drainage of any public street, and it had not been proved that Rehov Shelah had been declared a public street.

Mis- and Malfeasance

Justice Landau went on to emphasize that in dismissing the appellants' argument with regard to the state of the street he was in no way relying on the English practice of differentiating between misfeasance in regard to the repairing of public streets — in which case an action for damages may be brought — and malfeasance — in which case the English courts denied the aggrieved person a remedy in tort. For he considered this differentiation to be based on special historical considerations which do not apply in Israel.

In conclusion Justice Landau dismissed the appellants' argument that the Council had been ordinarily negligent in that the Local Planning Commission, which the appellants identified with the Council, had given permits to build houses in Rehov Shelah and as a result the builders had thrown refuse into the street which had caused the water to accumulate before Mr. Solnik's house, holding that the authority which gives permits cannot be held responsible for the acts of those who receive the permits.

And as to the claim for negligence against the second respondents, Justice Landau saw no reason why they should be held responsible for destroying a ditch on their own plot when they obviously had to do so before being able to build and particularly when in accordance with the Mejelle the duty to refrain from blocking a ditch which drains your neighbour's field applies only when that ditch has existed since time immemorial. In addition, the appellants themselves must bear to no small extent the responsibility for the flooding of their basement since it had been proved that they had suffered on several previous occasions from flooding and had nevertheless not taken proper steps to prevent a recurrence.

Appeal dismissed with IL150 costs to each of the two respondents.

Judgment given on July 31, 1957.

Church Services

JERUSALEM

St. Paul's Church (Musrara Qr.): E.S., 7 p.m. H.C., as announced. Clergy: Canon H.R.A. Jones (Tel 2713), Rev. J. Ayre (Tel. 5184).

St. Andrew's Church (Scots Memorial) M.S. 10 a.m. Minister Rev. W. Gardiner Scott. Vesper Service united with Y.M.C.A. at 6.30 p.m.

Combined Evangelical Services (Y.M.C.A. Lecture Hall), 7.30 p.m. All welcome.

Catholic: 6 a.m. German Hospice Chapel. Languages: German, Italian, English. French 7 a.m. Terra Sancta Chapel. Languages: English, French, German, Italian; St. Pierre de Sion (Ratisbonne). Languages: French, Arabic, English, German Hungarian, Hebrew, Portuguese: 8 a.m. Jesuits Chapel (near King David Hotel) Languages: French, English, Italian, 9 a.m. Pierre de Sion 10 a.m. Terra Sancta College.

Notre Dame de France (St. Paul's St.), M.S. 8 a.m. Languages: French, English, German, Italian.

American Gospel Church (Prophets St., near Bikur Holim). Morning Worship, 11 a.m. Midweek Prayers: Wednesday at 7.30 p.m. Minister L.F. Irish.

Christian Fellowship Vesper Service (Y.M.C.A.) 6.30 p.m. Vesper Talk: "Breaking the Monotony," by Herbert L. Minard. Public welcome.

Brethren (Jamil House, Talbieh). Breaking of Bread. Sunday: 9.30 a.m. Wednesday: Bible Hour. 7.30 p.m. Saturday: 5.30 p.m. Good News Hour.

Church of the Nazarene (St. Julian's Way). E.S. 7.30 p.m.

Bible Evangelical Mission (Pentecostal) Hovevei Zion St., first house. Sunday, 11 a.m. & 7.30 p.m. Saturday, 11 a.m. & 7.30 p.m. (Rev. J.W. Foster).

Jerusalem Baptist Congregation (Opp. Gan Rehavia). Wednesday: Bible reading & Prayer, 7.30 p.m. Friday: E.S. 7.30 p.m. Saturday: Bible Study, 10.30 a.m.

Seventh Day Adventists (Rehov Abraham Lincoln, near Y.M.C.A.): 9.30 a.m. Sabbath School: 10.45 a.m. Preaching & Worship: 4 p.m. Bible class. Russian Orthodox Church (Russian Compound): Mass 8 a.m. (Russian).

Greek Orthodox Church (St. Simeon's, Katamon): Mass 8.30 a.m. (Greek & Arabic).

Assemblies of God Church, corner Mamilla & King George Rds. (Pastor: H.B. Pencovic): Sat., 7.30 p.m.; Sun., 5 p.m. Prayer Meeting: Wed., 7.30 p.m.

TEL AVIV & JAFFA

Immanuel Church (Anglican Episcopal) off 19 Eilat St. H.C., 7.30 a.m.; M.S. 10 a.m. E.S. 7 p.m. Preacher: Rev. R.G. Allison, P.O.B. 2772, Tel Aviv.

Church of Scotland (St. Peter's), Jaffa: M.S. 10 a.m. E.S. 7 p.m.

St. Peter's Church (Catholic), Jaffa Port: 7 a.m. Weekdays & p.m. Languages: French, Italian, Spanish.

Russian Orthodox Church (St. Peter's Church, Abu Kebir): Mass 9 a.m. (Russian).

St. Anthony Catholic Church Jaffa: Sunday Masses, 8 & 10 a.m., 7 p.m. Languages: Arabic, French, German, English, Italian, Spanish.

HAIFA

St. Luke's Church: (Anglican Episcopal) Mountain Rd., near Vine St., H.C. 7.30 a.m.; M.S. 10 a.m.; E.S. 6.30 p.m. Chaplain: Revd. John Ryecart. (Tel. 2713; P.O.B. 1797).

The Scandinavian Seamen's Church, 41 Meir St., P.O.B. 1306. Lutheran Service. 7.30 p.m. (Rev. Per Faye Hansen).

Russian Orthodox Church (St. Eliyah's Cave, Mt. Carmel): Mass 8 a.m.

Brethren (Bethesda Gospel Hall, 59 Allenby Rd.): Sun.: Breaking of Bread. 9.30 a.m. (2nd & 4th Sun. of month 6.30 p.m.); Gospel meetg., 8 p.m. Wed.: Bible Study, 8 p.m.; Prayer, 6.30 p.m. Sat.: Bible study, 5 p.m. Languages: Hebrew, Arabic, Enrlish, Russian German, etc.

NAZARETH

Church of Annunciation (Greek Orthodox): Mass 8 a.m. (Greek and Arabic).

SCROOGE
arrives in
JERUSALEM
after his triumph in Tel Aviv
ALISTAIR SIM
(of "Laughter in Paradise" and "Innocents in Paris") in Dickens' great dramatic comedy role.
This week at the ZION Jerusalem.

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Registration for the 1957/58 term:
At the new studio:
Beit Hinuch Arlosoroff, (behind Central Kupat Holim), daily, from 4-7 p.m.
At the old studio:
Geulim School—Moria, Mondays & Fridays, from 3-6 p.m.

200 in Lawn Bowls Title Tourney

By PHILIP GILLON

Over 200 competitors have entered for the Israel Bowls Championships, opening at the Ramat Gan Bowling Club on September 5 by the Australian Minister, Mr. B. Ballard, and the Mayor of Ramat Gan, Mr. Krinitzi.

Nearly 100 of the entrants are coming from South Africa and Rhodesia for the Fifth Maccabiah, and among them are several international class champions. Among them are "Pinkie" Danilowitz, the current men's champion of South Africa, Mrs. Rae Rosenruth, the women's champion, and Sylvia Dine, who made South African bowling history by winning the women's championships five years in succession.

Despite these impressive names, the Israel players point out that two years ago they managed to surprise top-flight performers from abroad.

According to Max Spits, President of the Ramat Gan Bowling Club, the quality of play among the sabras and "vatikim" has improved sensationally.

Petah Tikva Hapoel Beats Dutch Team

UTRECHT, Saturday (Reuter). — Petah Tikva Hapoel, the Israel soccer champions, beat D.O.S. of the Dutch first division, 1-0 here on Thursday night in a match watched by 5,000 spectators.

Stelmach scored the winning goal in the 65th minute. Previously, in the first half, Temming of D.O.S. had failed to score from a penalty kick.

Hapoel, playing speedy, controlled football, won a well-earned victory.

Israel Hoopsters 7th In 'Silent Olympics'

MILAN, Saturday (Reuter).— Israel finished seventh in the basketball competition of the Deaf and Dumb Olympic Games here.

The winners were the U.S. team, who were unbeaten in the tournament.

Israel yesterday lost, 35-41, to the Yugoslavs, who took sixth place.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
522, 349, 33.3 & 41.7 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.35, 7.00 a.m. 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00, 11.00 p.m. English: 1.45 p.m. French: 2.00 p.m. Arabic Programme (including News): 7.30 a.m. 2.15, 6.00 and 11.08 p.m.

6.30 Service. 6.37 Callisthenics. 6.47 Musical Clock (R). 8.30 Close Down.

12.00 N. Woman's Corner — Requests. 12.30 Accordeon Tunes from S. France — played by Aimable. 12.50 Messages to Immigrants. 1.00 Lunchtime Music: Soloist Catherina Valente. 3.15 Special broadcast from the Catholic Church "Mar Elias" in Haifa.

4.00 News Summaries in English, Swedish and Spanish. 5.05 Mishna Lesson. 5.25 Interlude. 5.30 Youth Programme. 7.15 "We Present Tonight." 7.18 "Ron Ami." 7.35 From the Sports Field. 8.05 This Week at the Cinema. 8.15 Intermezzo with the "Octuor Bleu." 8.25 "For and Against" constituency elections, edited by E. Carmel. 8.55 Bible Reading: Ezekiel, Chap. 6. 9.12 Talk by S. Sraya. 9.30 I.P.O. Concert: Conductor: Walter Susskind; Soloist: Michael Rabin (Violin), Brahms: Violin Concerto in D. op. 77. 10.05 "Essays and Letters"—edited by Sh. Bertonov. 10.35 "Shining Trumpets"—A Jam Session in the Z.O.A., Tel Aviv. 11.15 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
422, 460, 292.7 41.7 & 33.3 M.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.00 Music for Sunday. 6.40 Tunes by Duke Ellington. 7.00 Hebrew for Beginners. 7.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Rumanian. 8.15 Hungarian. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 Interval. 9.15 Mograbit. 9.30 French. 10.00 News in English. 10.15 Close Down.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.3 M.): Programme to South Africa: 6.00 News Headlines. 6.01 Yiddish News. 6.06 Emma Schaver—soprano. 6.15 "We Live Here" — The Raphaels of Savyon. 6.30 News. 6.37 "Sunday Column"—Walter Eytan. Programme for the U.K.: 12.00 News. 12.07 "Sunday Column" — Walter Eytan. 12.15 "We Live Here" — The Raphaels of Savyon. 12.30 Emma Schaver — soprano. 12.45 "The month of Elul"—talk by A. Newman.

ARMY PROGRAMME (48.4 216, 235 & 205 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Songs. 7.00 News. 7.10 Sport. 7.25 Light music. 8.00 "For your Information." 8.15 Songs. 8.30 Marching tunes. 9.00 News. 9.10 "Weekly Announcements." 9.45 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (13.90, 16.84, 24.80 M.): 7.30-8.00 p.m. News. "This England" — "Faces in the City," a series of profiles. International Commentary by R.H.S. Crossman, M.P. Sports Round-Up.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

• Exhibitions:—
Conquest of the Desert, Permanent Exhibition. Daily from 10-1, 4-6. On Friday from 10-1. Closed Saturdays.

1) Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial objects; 2) Rothschild Manuscript, Number Twenty Four. 3) Watercolours and Drawings by Fascin and Modern French Graphics. 4) Selected Ancient Coins in Palestinian History. 5) Yemenite Art. Bezalel, 9-1, 4-6.

Bezalel Museum Romema Branch, Conquest of the Desert Pavilion — Drawings by the late Leopold Krakauer, 10-1, 4-6. Closed on Saturday.

Pastels by Pinhas Litvinowsky, Artists House, 10-1, 4-7.

Religion and Cult in Ancient Israel—Exhibition on the occasion of the Second World Congress of Jewish Studies. Also Permanent Exhibition. Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelekh, 9-1, 3-5.

Archaeological finds from Hazor, Hebrew University, Institute of Jewish Studies, daily except Fri. and Sat. 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

• Film Shows: —
Israel films, daily 11.30, Keren Hayessod Hall.

• Recorded Concert:—
"The Jupiter Symphony," Mozart; Piano Concerto, Liszt. The Ben Yehuda Grove, Talpiot, 6 p.m.

• Lecture:—
"Development and Inflation," Mr. Y. Kutovitz, Bei't Ha'am, 8 p.m.

• Tours:—
Hebrew University Conducted tour, 10 a.m. Administration Bldg., New University Campus. (Conducted tours in Hebrew daily, 11 a.m.) Parents are requested not to bring children under the age of 10.

TEL AVIV

Italian Specialities. Lunch, Dinner, Soupe o L'oignon. Luky's Bar, 3 Allenby Rd., Tel. 22752. Airconditioned.

• Exhibitions: —
1) Lithographs by I. Aschheim; 2) Photographs of the Hula Valley by Peter Meron; 3) 60 Paintings by Modigliani, Soutine, Pascin, Chagall and Kisling. Museum, 10-1, 4-7.

• Theatre: —
Obel, "Shulamit."

HAIFA

• Exhibitions: —
Opening by Dr. F. Schiff of: 1) Exhibition of paintings by Audrey Bergner. 2) Exhibition of paintings drawings and sculptures by Moshe Tamir. Municipal Museum, Town Hall, 6 p.m.

ZEMAH

• Theatre: —
Habimah "The Dybbuk."

"Metropole" Hotel
NATANYA
is fully booked for Rosh Hashana.
A few rooms are still available for Succot
Make your reservations immediately
Make your reservations for a pleasant holiday in the month of September.
Ask for Special Arrangements.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM
At 3.30, 7 and 9 p.m.
ARNON: Stranger at my Door.
EDEN: The Wings of Eagles.
EDISON: 20,000 Leagues Under the Sea.
ORGIL: Big House, U.S.A.
ORION: My Teenage Daughter.
ORNA: "Le printemps, L'automne et L'amour."
RON: Calypso Heat Wave.
SEMADAR: Limelight. Matinee: The Indian Fighter.
STUDIO: Hobson's Choice.
TEL OR: No Time for Flowers.
ZION HALL: Scrooge.

TEL AVIV
At 4, 7.30 and 9.30 p.m.
ALLENBY: Johnny Concho.
ARMON DAVID: Albert R. N.
At 4 p.m.: Snow White and the 7 Dwarfs.
CHEN: Happy Ever After.
DAN: Michel Strogoff.
EDEN: Boot Polish.
ESTHER: The Opposite Sex.
MERKAZ: Mr. Deeming Drives North.
MIGDALOR: "Le Monde du Silence."
MOGRABI: Between Heaven and Hell.
OPHIR: Ri66.
ORION: Dunja.
TAMAR: A Touch of the Sun.
TCHELET: Holiday on Ice.
YARON: The Trouble with Harry.
ZAFON: "Un Condamne a Mort s'Est Echappe."
ZAMIR: Dan and Sa'adia.

HAIFA
GAL OR: Witness to Murder. Matinee: Hondo.
ORION: Slightly Scarlet.
ARMON: Three Men in A Boat.
EN DOR: Three Ring Circus.
ORLY: Summertime.
ORAH: We Want a Child.
AMPHITHEATRE: Simba.
MORIAH: "Il Barbiere de Seviglia."
ATZMON: Somebody Up There Likes Me.
PEER: Storm Over the Nile.
MAY: Pardners.

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RAMAT GAN
BOWLING CLUB
take pleasure in announcing that the following events will take place on their grounds, on FRIDAY, SEPT. 6, 1957, at 3.30 p.m.:
Opening of Bowling Festival
Unveiling of the Elizabeth Lasovsky Memorial.
Opening of the Isak Buirski Pavilion.
Interested friends are requested to apply for tickets to Mr. B. Krivy, Tel. 4422, Tel Aviv, or South African Zionist Federation, 109 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel Aviv.

HEBREW
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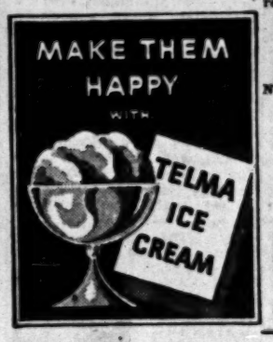

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Please write to: No. R15, P.O.B. 4521, Tel Aviv, giving curriculum vitae.
All replies will be treated confidentially.

DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFA- TEL AVIV

File No. 1828/57.

In the matter of: Winding up of Company
and in the matter of: Companies Ordinance 1929-56
and in the matter of: petition by Mr. Haim Schiff to wind up the company Metukar Ltd.

Notice is hereby given that a petition for the winding-up of the above-named company by the District Court of Jaffa-Tel Aviv on the 25th day of June, 1957, was presented to the said Court by Mr. Haim Schiff, of Jerusalem. And that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Court sitting at Tel Aviv on the 15th day of October, 1957; and any creditor or contributory of the said company desirous to support or oppose the making of an order on the said petition may appear at the time of hearing by himself or his advocate for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said company requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

(—)
HAIM SCHIFF
President Hotel, Jerusalem

NOTE: Any person who intends to appear at the hearing of the said petition must serve on or send by post to the above-named, notice in writing of his intention so to do. The notice must state the name and address of the firm, and must be signed by the person or firm or his or their advocate (if any) and must be served, or if posted, must be sent by post in sufficient time to reach the above-named not later than one o'clock in the afternoon of the 14th of October, 1957.

Classified Advertisements
Published on Sundays, Wednesdays, Fridays
Accepted at all JERUSALEM POST advertising offices
JERUSALEM: 9 Rehov Hahavatselet
TEL AVIV: 53 Nahlat Binyamin; 15 Rehov Frishman (Barth Sweet Shop)
NATANYA: A. Pompan, 9 Rehov Herzl
HAIFA: 1 Khayat Street; Sifri's Bookshop, Central Carmel; Hadar Bookshop, 16 Rehov Herzl, Dr. Flegel's Bookshop, 26 Rehov Keren Hayesod, Kiryat Bialik
RAMAT GAN: Hakol Lanoar, 51 Rehov Bialik
Advertisements also accepted through all recognized agencies

Dwellings-Premises

TO LET flat in Tel Aviv for 2 years. Suitable for diplomat or tourist. 5 rooms, luxuriously furnished. Refrigerator, 2 radios, electrical appliances. For immediate occupancy. Write: No. 3967, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

NICELY furnished room with full board to let during holidays. First class Hungarian cuisine. Steiner, Beit Hakerem, Shikun Amami 'H', No. 15, Jerusalem.

FOR furnished flats — see Romas, 8 Rothschild Blvd., Tel. 3441, Tel Aviv.

TO LET 2-room flat to childless couple. Apply: Frechtmann, 53 La Guardia St., Yad Eliyahu, Tel Aviv.

WANTED to rent office room with telephone centrally situated in Jerusalem, immediately. No. 7133, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

Lessons

WANTED English conversation in exchange for German or Hebrew. Write: P.O.B. 5123, Haifa.

Optics – Photo

TAPE recording Service. Goldschmidt, Tel. 4944, Jerusalem.

Purchase-Sale

WANTED first-class washing machine and first-class refrigerator from private owner only. P.O.B. 2880, Tel Aviv.

FOR SALE refrigerator, second hand, 50 Rehov Ibn Gvirol, 3rd floor, Tel. 25106, Tel Aviv (8-10 a.m. daily).

Real Estate

PLOT for sale near Accadia Hotel and plot for sale near Sharon Hotel. Apply: Room 10, Gad Hotel, 107 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel Aviv, 4-7 p.m.

Records

L.P. RECORDS large selection from IL7.500 at Music Universum Ahtlenh Ltd. A. Sawady, 6 Rehov Hanevi'im Haifa.

Services

PRINTED stationery — Visiting, wedding and New Year cards, Wallach's Press, Tel. 5878, 31 Rehov Ben Yehuda, Jerusalem.

Situations Wanted

COSMETICIAN—medically qualified in Switzerland—seeks position in cosmetic institute in Tel Aviv or vicinity. P.O.B. 4066, Tel Aviv.

CHARTERED accountant, B. Com., industrial commercial experience. Knows French German, Yiddish, Fair Hebrew. Seeks suitable situation. Write: No. 20080, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

EXPERIENCED accountant with good knowledge of Hebrew, English and French, seeks position. Write: No. 20941, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

TAMMOR HOTEL
HERTZLIA-ON-SEA

For late Vacationists... A 5-days' minimum stay
for IL 75
(all included)
Each additional day: IL15
At Night listen to
VLADIMIR SLASTCHEFF
the Russian singer and his guitar at the
TOPAZ CLUB

Today's Postbag

The Weather

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	—	18	31	31
Tiberias	43	25	36	35
Haifa Port	61	26	30	30
Natanya	66	23	33	32
Tel Aviv Port	69	24	28	29
Lydda Airport	56	20	32	31
Jerusalem	40	13	30	30
Beersheba	44	20	34	34
Eilat	26	27	38	38

A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVALS

Prof. A. Bohr, lecturer in physics at the University of Copenhagen, accompanied by Mrs. Bohr and his aunt, Mrs. A. Sterlitz, to attend the international conference on nuclear physics opening at the Weizmann Institute on September 8 (by Cyprus Airways).

Dr. S. Rosenthal, Secretary to Prof. Niels Bohr, and Mrs. Rosenthal, from Zurich to attend the nuclear physics conference (by El Al).

Chief Rabbi and Mrs. Herzog, from Zurich after a three-week holiday in Switzerland (by El Al).

DEPARTURES

Mrs. Bessie R. Katz, of the Brookline, Massachusetts Hadassah and of the Board of the Pioneer Women in New England, for the U.S. after a four month fact-finding stay (by Air France).

Mr. Y. Yanai, of the Prime Minister's Office, and Mr. A. Sharon for Brussels in connection with the Israel pavilion at the 1958 Belgian World Fair (by El Al).

Miss Beatrice Barwell, Hon. Secretary of the British Zionist Federation, for London after a one-month visit (on the s.s. Theodor Herzl).

4,100 IMMIGRANTS arrived during August according to provisional figures released on Friday by the Jewish Agency. Half of the newcomers are from Europe, and 420 from Egypt.

• • •

THE ALL-ARMY swimming championships will be held at the Bat Galim pool, Haifa, tomorrow and Tuesday. The finals will be on Tuesday afternoon.

• • •

THE OFFICES of the Israel Fairs and Exhibition Company have moved to the new building at 48 Kalisher St., Tel Aviv. Telephone 66411.

• • •

THERE WERE more offers of hospitality than soldiers in Nahariya on Friday, when a contingent of an artillery unit "adopted" by the community, arrived on furlough. Children of the hosts met the soldiers and escorted their allotted man home.

• • •

THE TEL AVIV Municipal Marriage Guidance Bureau at the Strauss Municipal Health Centre will be closed between September 3 and October 8. The Family Advice Centre will be open as usual on Mondays and Thursdays from 6-8 p.m.

• • •

THE SUMMATIONS in the trial of 11 members of the border police for their part in the killing of 47 Kafr Kasim villagers on October 29, 1956, will be heard on October 20, the military tribunal decided on Friday. Both sides had asked for the postponement from the scheduled date early in September.

• • •

COTTON PICKING will begin on some 7,500 dunams in the Negev today and will be in full swing by the end of the week. The yield is expected to reach 1,000 tons of fibre and 2,000 tons of seed, all to be ginned at Ofakim.

• • •

A LIVE hand-grenade was found on Friday in a Jewish National Fund grove on the Be'eri-Tel Re'im road, near the Gaza Strip. It was dismantled by police sappers, who were also called in to dismantle a live shell found near the Iraq Suidan police station.

• • •

THE BAT YAM Municipality today opens a music studio for some 100 pupils of local elementary and high schools.

RATION NEWS

EGGS: Second ration, four eggs, coupon 329, temporary 92. The public is entitled to receive three-quarters of the ration in either "Aleph" or Extra grade eggs.

Vegetables To Be Regulated All Year

A two-year plan for ensuring a regular supply of vegetables at reasonable prices throughout the year was drawn up on Friday at a meeting between the Ministers of Commerce and Industry and Agriculture and representatives of the Vegetable Marketing Board.

The new plan follows up the recent control of eggs and will affect tomatoes, potatoes, onions, cucumbers, carrots, eggplant, peppers, cabbage and cauliflower. The plan will be implemented through an agreement to be signed between the Government and the Vegetable Marketing Board, going into effect next April and valid for a period of two years. The agreement will apply only to first-grade vegetables.

Prices for farmers are to be fixed in advance, and they will be obliged to give notice of their crops and respective acreage and receive the prior approval of the Board. The Government has allocated IL5m. to cover the difference between the guaranteed price and the market price, as well as to buy up surplus vegetables in the event of a glut. This sum is, however, already included in the existing programme of vegetable subsidies.

Bananas will be controlled from the middle of the week at 600 pruta per kilo, the Ministry of Commerce announced on Friday. It is expected that there will be two allocations of 250 grams per person over the festivals.

Beduin Sheikh Gets Electricity

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA, Saturday.— Sheikh Suleiman yesterday became the first Beduin Sheikh to have electricity.

He reportedly paid the electric company IL2,000 to have his house and two others belonging to his sons linked up with the power line a short distance away, opposite Kibbutz Shuval in the Western Negev.

The Sheikh yesterday also played host to Mr. Herbert Morrison, M.P., Mrs. Morrison, and Mr. Tom Williams, M.P.

On Thursday, he received a letter of thanks from Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt for the Beduin dagger he sent her some time ago as a token of friendship. Mrs Roosevelt declared that the dagger was most decorative.

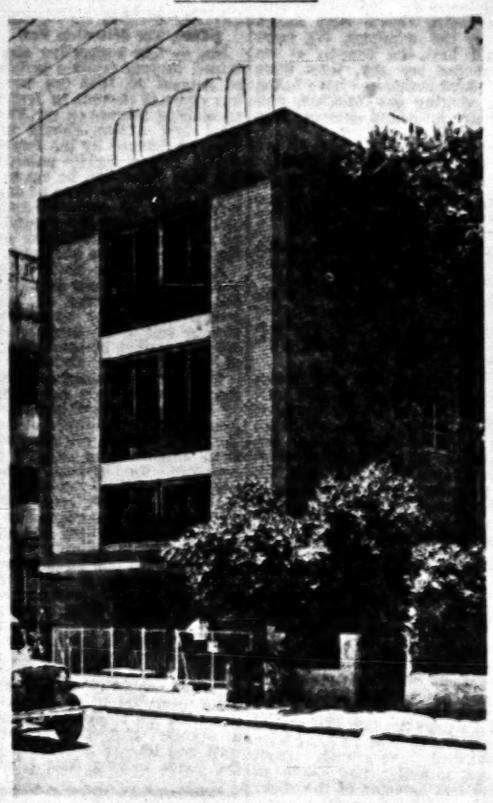
Mekorot Water For Tel Aviv Shortly

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — An agreement between Mekorot and the Municipality to link the city with Mekorot's water works at Rosh Ha'ayin is to be signed shortly, it was learned here. The city's water supply will then be augmented by 50 million cubic metres *per annum*.

Mayor Haim Levanon has promised Mekorot that the agreement will be approved by the Municipal Finance Committee within the next few days.

No rise in water rates is anticipated, the Municipality spokesman told *The Jerusalem Post*.



EPHRAIM TABORI **Cultural Centre built for Histadrut members residing in downtown Tel Aviv is to be opened this evening with addresses by the Minister of Education and Culture, Mr. Z. Aranne, and the Histadrut Secretary-General, Mr. P. Lavon. The building, situated in Rehov Shulamit, cost IL215,000 to construct. One of its main features is the Professor Benenson Memorial Library, containing 5,000 volumes.**

Local Arms Output Up 250 Per Cent

Ta'as, the Army weapons industry, increased output by 250 per cent during the year 5716-5717, according to the Government Yearbook, which will appear on the eve of Rosh Hashana.

The industry's budget rose three-fold and its staff by 56 per cent. The greatest increase was recorded in the production of anti-tank weapons and ammunition, both prior to and following the Sinai campaign.

The share of civilian industry in military production for the Army also trebled. The increased production led to considerable reductions in the price of the various items produced.

2nd Man Held in Land Swindle in Ramat Gan

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — A further suspect in the swindle over plots in Ramat Gan belonging to persons who died in Warsaw in World War II was arrested yesterday and remanded in custody for four days by Magistrate Y. Treibish.

Police Sergeant A. Reuveni charged the suspect, Shmuel Haluzhin, of Tel Aviv, with instigating the operation by which Yosef Hanchinsky, arrested a few days earlier, is said to have succeeded in obtaining an inheritance order on two plots in Ramat Gan, selling them for IL18,000 and dividing the proceeds between them. The deception was discovered, he alleged, when the real heirs turned up. *(Itim)*

Progressives Oppose Exit Visa Charge

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — The Progressive Party is to protest to the Finance Minister, Mr. Levi Eshkol, against the proposed IL150 charge for exit visas. This decision was reached by the Party's executive, meeting here yesterday.

The Executive felt a need to tackle the "travel psychosis," it is learned, but it stressed that fiscal measures were not the right ones.

Co-op Manager Bailed in IL3,000

TEL AVIV, Saturday.—The manager of the cooperative grocery in Moshav Segula, Josef Victori, who is suspected of embezzling IL20,000 worth of goods, was yesterday released on IL3,000 bail by Magistrate Y. Treibish.

He was ordered to report daily to the police. An order preventing him leaving the country was also issued. *(Itim)*

Tel Azaziat Land Ready in Autumn

TIBERIAS, Saturday. — Soil preparation work of the Jewish National Fund in the demilitarized zone at Tel Azaziat on the northern frontier, should be completed in time to sow field crops this autumn.

An earth track has been laid down to allow access for farm machinery to clear away stones and rocks.

FIVE DIE IN U.S. PLANE CRASH

EL PASO, Texas, Saturday (UP). — An Air Force four-engined C-124 Globemaster, trying to land in a blinding rain, crashed and burned today, killing five men and injuring 10.

Koor Workers To Enter Management

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Koor Ltd. is to be the first Histadrut industrial enterprise to take the initial steps towards workers' participation in running the factories, Mr. Y. M. Meshel, head of the Histadrut's Industrial Workers Division, told *The Jerusalem Post* yesterday.

Koor's initiative follows a Histadrut decision to establish joint management-workers councils in all its plants on a 50-50 basis.

The experiment at Koor, to be made in factories both in the north and south, is to begin with co-option of two to three workers to the management with full executive powers Mr. Meshel said. He added that there was no intention of bypassing workers councils, but of sharing executive responsibility with the workers and thereby enhancing their understanding of administrative problems.

Mr. Meshel especially stressed that the employees to be elected to the executive positions would be "directors in work clothes," continuing to work at their benches while on the directorate. It was hoped that this new scheme would provide a "two-way bridge" between the workers and the management, so that the problems of the workers would be constantly before the management and that the difficulties of running the plants would be brought back to their workmates by the "directors in overalls."

Mr. Meshel explained that the proposed councils would incorporate the functions of the productivity councils in Histadrut plants.

$10m. Gift For Tenth Anniversary

LYDDA AIRPORT, Saturday. — The Histadrut Campaign in the U.S. and Canada has set a target of $10m. as a "gift" to the State during the tenth anniversary year, Mr. Dov Begun, Director of the Campaign, declared here before his departure yesterday for the U.S. after a 17-day visit.

Half of the sum, to be earmarked for cultural, educational, health and sport facilities in immigrant centres, will be delivered by the spring of 1958. The remainder will be collected during the summer and autumn following, Dr. Begun declared.

Dental Show in Tel Aviv

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Specialist lectures on the latest techniques in various branches of dentistry were featured yesterday at the continuation of the Eighth Annual Conference of the Israel Dental Association at Z.O.A. House.

The lectures were illustrated by exhibits and films, while a special exhibition of dental instruments was held in an adjoining hall. *(Itim)*

Mr. E. Winterstein, Chairman of the Dental Practitioners Association in Israel, did not speak before the opening session of the Dentists Conference on August 28, as reported in this paper the following day.

Habimah May Be National Theatre

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — A recommendation that Habimah become the Israel National Theatre is believed to be contained in the report of the Krongold Committee recently submitted to the Prime Minister.

If it is accepted, then the theatre will receive its charter at the beginning of the Tenth Anniversary celebrations, which coincide with the theatre's 40th birthday.

The committee, headed by Mr. Haim Krongold, a Jerusalem lawyer, included Prof. Aharon Katzir, Mr. Haim Hazaz and Mr. Haim Halperin, Managing Director of the Agricultural Bank.

It is understood that the recommendations of the committee, which was appointed a year-and-a-half ago, were unanimous.

Both Beersheba Firemen Tackle Refuse Fire

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA, Saturday. — A fire in the Municipal refuse dump has withstood all efforts of the local fire brigade to extinguish it. At a late hour tonight, it was still going strong. The chief casualty was a stack of used automobile tires stored nearby.

The fire brigade, which consists of two men and one engine, made a number of trips to town and back to the dump to refill its water tank. Each round-trip takes about three-quarters of an hour.

The Municipality had almost closed an agreement for the sale of all the refuse in the dump to a private company for IL7,000.

Held for Concealing, Disguising Shem-Tov

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — The sister and the girl friend of Yitzhak Shem-tov, the escaped Tel Mond convict who was recaptured last week, were arrested yesterday on charges of giving him shelter and providing him with female clothing and accessories, including lipstick, as a disguise. They were remanded in custody for seven days.

The clothing was found by the police at the time of Shem-Tov's arrest on the Tel Aviv beach.

The girls, Hannah Shem-Tov and Sarah Schwartz, denied the charges.

Meanwhile, Shalom Menutzar, 60, of the Ezra "Bet" Quarter, who was arrested a few days ago on charges of sheltering Eliahu Hadad, the other of the two convicts, was released on IL500 bail. *(Itim)*

Mukhtar's Daughter Stabbed by Brother

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — The 19-year-old daughter of the Chairman of the Kalansuwa Local Council, in the Little Triangle, was rushed to the Tel Hashomer Hospital yesterday in a critical condition after having been stabbed a number of times by her 13-year-old brother.

Halania Kadar Katif suffered stab wounds in her chest and abdomen. Her brother was taken into custody.

It is understood that the stabbing occurred in the course of a family quarrel. *(Itim)*

Rehovot 'Underworld King' in Custody

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — The "King of the Rehovot Underworld," Saha (Bossy) Bustenai, was yesterday remanded in custody for 15 days on charges of attacking policemen and for general disorderly conduct.

According to the police, on Thursday night Bustenai assaulted and knocked out Shalom Bernstein, a patron of the Arena Cafe in Jaffa. When police arrived on the scene, Bossy assaulted them as well, tried to steal their guns, threatened them with a broken bottle and insulted the officer in charge. On the way to the police station, he managed to cause IL500 damage to a parked jeep.

Counsel for Bustenai asked Magistrate Y. Treibish to have his client examined by a psychiatrist. *(Itim)*

Polio Cases Drop To Five in August

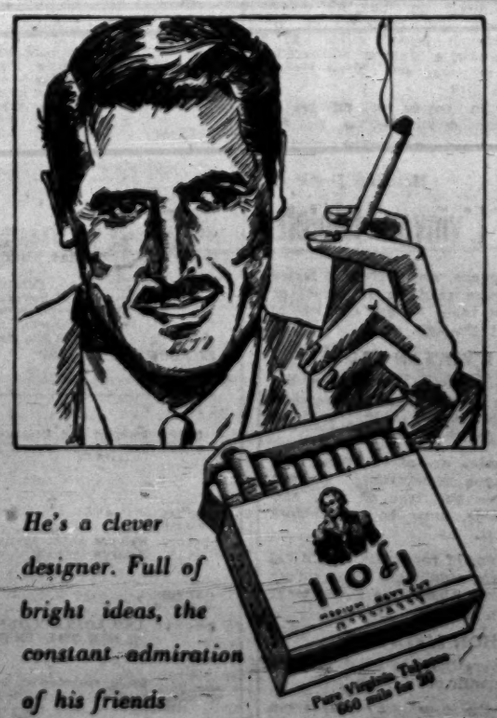
Five children contracted polio during August as compared to 137 in the same period last year, it is learned.

Aged six months to a year, none of the five children had been inoculated with Salk vaccine.

August was the peak polio month last year. In September, 1956, incidence dropped to 70 cases.

ARMS SALE TRIAL BEGINS

RAMLE, Saturday. — The trial of the Army captain charged with selling arms began on Friday before a full military court sitting *in camera* somewhere in Israel. *(Itim)*



He's a clever designer. Full of bright ideas, the constant admiration of his friends

...Naturally he smokes NELSON!

Two Die, 5 Hurt In Road Accidents

Two persons were killed and four seriously injured, mostly in traffic accidents over the week-end, in various parts of the country.

In Tel Aviv, two-year-old Ya'acov Rafaeli, of Shchunat Ezra, was hit and killed on Friday afternoon by a car driven by Aryeh Efraim of Kfar Shalem. The driver was detained.

In the early morning, 80-year-old Rumia Nagar was run over near her home in the Hatikva Quarter by an ice van. She died on the way to hospital. The driver was held in custody.

Yesterday afternoon at 3.30 the body of an unidentified man aged about 30 was washed ashore on the Tel Baruch beach in Tel Aviv.

Some 400 metres from the spot, police found a pair of shoes, khaki trousers and a few personal effects including a cigarette case bearing the name Michaelov.

A four-year-old boy was severely injured by a hit-and-run motorcyclist in Ramle on Friday. The victim, Musta Banak, was taken to Assaf Harofe Hospital in Sarafand. Police are searching for the driver.

A 16-year-old girl was run over and seriously injured by an Army lorry when trying to cross the Rishon Le Zion-Beit Dagon road on Friday. The girl, Hayah Sabri of Ezra uBitzaron was taken to Assaf Harofe Hospital and the driver was detained by the military police.

Four-year-old Yosef Makhlouf was injured by a motor-cycle driven by a policeman, Yihyeh Ya'acov, in Ashkelon on Friday and taken to the Kaplan Hospital in Rehovot for treatment.

Harry Haimovitz, 11, of the Government housing estate in Acre, was bitten by a snake when he fell from a motor-cycle into the bushes on the side of the road near his home. He was taken to the Rambam Hospital, Haifa, in a serious condition.

Ralf Cantos, 35, of Sakhnin, was seriously injured at the Even veSid quarries near the town on Thursday by a piece of marble which slipped from a crane at a height of two metres and crushed his foot. He was taken to the Carmel Hospital in Haifa in a serious condition. *(Itim)*

ARRESTED IN RAMLE WITH STOLEN CAR

RAMLE, Saturday. — Local police on Thursday arrested Y. Yederman of Tel Aviv on charges of stealing a car belonging to Mr. Y. Greenberg of Rehov Syrkin, Tel Aviv.

He was arrested after driving a soldier friend to a nearby camp in the stolen car. Under examination he admitted the theft, pleading that it was all "just an adventure."

BUS FIRED OUTSIDE DRIVER'S HOME

TIBERIAS, Saturday. — An Egged bus parked outside the driver's home at Umm el Fahm was gutted by fire about 4 o'clock yesterday morning. Police are investigating what they suspect to be foul play.

HOUSING LOAN ON TIME PAYMENTS

The Treasury announced on Friday that civil servants will be given an opportunity to purchase Housing Loan certificates on time payments. According to an agreement reached with the civil servants bank, Yahav, they will be able to buy them in five to ten instalments.

It was also announced that the Post Office Bank will handle the loan in the future.

Dressed for the Part

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — A theatre-goer dressed only in a sheet was arrested as he tried to enter the Thursday evening performance of the musical show "Shulamit," produced by the Do-Re-Mi Theatre.

The police handed him over for psychiatric examination when he pleaded that the sheet was "appropriate clothing for a show with such a romantic theme." *(Itim)*

Children Poisoned By Mushrooms

RAMLE, Saturday. — Nine children were poisoned, two of them seriously, by mushrooms they had eaten at a picnic.

The children, aged 3 to 7, all of them from Moshav Yashresh near here, found the mushrooms in a nearby field. They decided to have a picnic and took them to the home of Yosef Cohen, 7, to fry them while his parents were out.

In the evening, the Cohens found that Yosef and their three-year-old daughter could not stop vomiting. They were taken by Magen David Adom ambulance to Assaf Harofe Hospital in Sarafand in a serious condition. The other children were treated and sent home. *(Itim)*

Jewish Legion Vets Gather in Tel Aviv

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Volunteers to the Jewish Legion in World War I were the first American immigrants to this country, Mr. Gershon Agron, Mayor of Jerusalem, told a meeting at Hamlin House called to mark the 40th anniversary of the Legion. Mr. Agron, and the other speaker of the evening, Mr. Baruch Zuckerman, were among the organizers of the American contingents in the Legion.

The main aim for these Jews 40 years ago, was as with Israel soldiers today, to defend Jewish honour, Mr. Agron said.

The Tel Aviv Labour Choir and Mr. Abraham Wilkomirsky entertained. Mr. I. Hamlin presided.

Enamelling Students Display Work

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Forty graduates of a course in enamelling jewellery demonstrated the fruits of their work at an exhibition which opened yesterday at Z.O.A. House.

The course, taken chiefly by handicapped persons, was arranged by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, the Diamond Controller and the National Association for Jewellery in conjunction with the Municipality.

Baseball Standings

NEW YORK, Saturday (UP). — Today's Major League standings are:

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	W.	L.	PCT.	GB.
Milwaukee	75	48	.610	—
Brooklyn	72	56	.563	7
St. Louis	71	56	.559	7½
Cincinnati	64	63	.504	14½
Philadelphia	64	63	.504	14½
New York	62	69	.473	18½
Chicago	49	75	.395	28
Pittsburgh	48	78	.381	30

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	PCT.	GB.
New York	82	46	.641	—
Chicago	75	53	.591	6½
Boston	68	59	.535	13½
Detroit	62	65	.492	19
Cleveland	63	66	.488	19½
Baltimore	60	66	.476	21
Kansas City	50	78	.391	32
Washington	49	78	.386	33½

Hadera Hapoel Beat T.A. Hakoah 2:0

Hadera Hapoel yesterday won its football match against Tel Aviv Hakoah, 2-0, at Natanya.

The two teams were among those ordered by the Lamm Committee to play again for the right to pass into the National League. They had been accused of "arranging" games.

Hapoel showed superior training on the field. Its inside left, Rubin, scored in the 41st minute and the centre-half, Weinberg, netted the second goal from a penalty kick in the 65th minute.

In another National League match, Kfar Saba Hapoel beat Jerusalem Hapoel 2-0 in Petah Tikva. Both goals, one in each period, were scored by inside right Kochavi.

FRIENDLY GAMES: Petah Tikva Maccabi 4, Haifa Hapoel 2. Herzliya Hapoel 9, Kiryat Gat Hapoel 1. Haifa Hapoel Reserves 1, Tirat Hacarmel Hapoel Reserves, 0.

SWIMMING: Hapoel swimming records were set in Hadera when Gali Lefkovitz of Tel Aviv won the 400 metre free style in 6:21.4, and Yehudit Lizia of Afikim swam the 100 metre butterfly in 1:35.5.

Acre, Hadera Craft Share Regatta Honour

ACRE, Saturday. — The fourth annual sailing regatta in honour of Shim'on Alfasi, a marine police officer, who lost his life in January, 1953, while returning a boat to the Lebanon, was held today. The event for large craft was won by the Acre Hapoel's David Noy, while the Hadera Zevulun Club's Nirit came first in the smaller class.

The route was from Acre to Gesher Hazziv and back to the Nahariya jetty, a total distance of 15.5 kms.

Twelve boats of the Hapoel and Zevulun clubs took part in the contest.

I.F.A. Bar Maccabi Tour

HAIFA, Saturday. — The executive of the Israel Football Association today ordered the Haifa Maccabi football eleven to cancel its West European tour, for which it was to leave tomorrow. Seven of the Maccabi players will be required to play in the national team, which is to meet several visiting clubs during the Maccabiah.

The decision was taken despite the fact that Haifa Maccabi offered to return at any moment, and even to furnish a bank guarantee that the seven players would be produced for Maccabiah matches when wanted.

$7.75m. PAID ON EXPORT-IMPORT LOAN

The Treasury transferred $7.75m. to the Export-Import Bank at the end of last week as a further instalment on the $135m. loan received from the Bank for development purposes. So far, $54m. in interest and principal have been repaid on the loan, the Ministry of Finance spokesman announced on Friday.

Cables in Brief

PRESS. — The Boston newspaper strike which left 1,250,000 families without their daily newspaper for 21 days, ended on Thursday night when some 300 mailers, who struck for higher pay, voted to accept a strike-ending agreement.

CONVOY. — A convoy of 33 Soviet ships arrived in the Pacific coast port of Providenie on Friday after travelling around the top of Russia through the Arctic Sea to join the Soviet Far East fishing fleet.

CADETS. — About 130 Soviet sea cadets spent $10,000 on a buying spree in Singapore during a two-day shore leave from their barque Tovarisch last week. The cadets bought lingerie, nylons and bolts of silk before continuing their world tour via Jakarta and Capetown.

LIMIT. — West Germany is introducing speed limits from today — 50 kms. an hour in built-up areas. Road accidents in West Germany claimed an average of 35 lives a day last year.

Two Israelis at Berlin Trial of Nazi

BERLIN, Saturday (Reuter). — A witness, Haim Gruenbaum, who now lives in Israel, broke down in court yesterday as he told how Otto Locke, 43, a former warder at the Auschwitz concentration camp, knocked his teeth out when he was suffering from typhus.

He said he had seen how Locke, a Berlin casual worker now on trial, beat a prisoner to death not as a punishment but "because he had power."

Another witness from Israel, Shimon Sottman, said Locke was as quiet as a lamb one minute, and a moment later would be "like a wild animal." The trial continues on Monday.

Suhr, West Berlin Mayor, Dead at 63

BERLIN, Saturday (Reuter). — Dr. Otto Suhr, 63-year-old governing Mayor of West Berlin and a leading fighter for the city's independence in the immediate post-war years, died at his home last night after a long illness.

A life-long Socialist and an opponent of Hitler, Suhr was elected Mayor in 1954.

French Divers Find Caesar's Fish

MARSEILLES, Saturday (Reuter). — French Navy divers have found 500 jars of preserved fish believed to have been destined for Roman soldiers fighting in France 2,000 years ago.

The jars were part of the contents of a Roman galley found by the divers in 27 metres of water off the Isle of Levant. The galley is believed to have been a supply ship for the armies of Julius Caesar.

FOR SALE
FIAT 600
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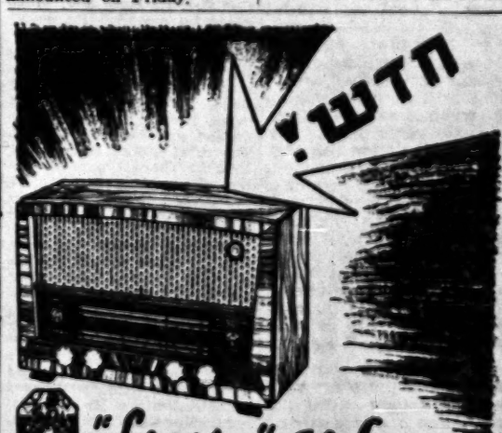

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The Palestine Electric Corporation Limited

AMENDMENT OF TARIFFS FOR IRRIGATION AND WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES

The Corporation hereby informs consumers that as a result of the decrease in the subsidy granted in connection with the prices of electricity for water pumping purposes, new tariffs have, with the approval of the Government, been fixed for pumping for irrigation and water supply purposes. The tariffs will apply to consumption as measured by meter readings taken as from September 15, 1957.

The following is a summary of the above tariffs:

A. IRRIGATION POWER TARIFFS

1) Tariff "A"
For every kw up to 50,000 kw per year — 36 pruta
For every kw above 50,000 kw in the same year — 32 pruta
2) Tariff "B"
(a) Annual fixed charge:
For every kilowatt of connected load up to 20 kw. — IL25.- per year
For every kilowatt above 20 kw and up to 100 kw — IL22.- per year
For every kilowatt above 100 kw — IL20.- per year
(b) Running charge:
For every kw — 16 pruta
3) Tariff "C" during restricted hours (at night)
(a) Annual fixed charge — (no change) as follows:
For every kw of connected load up to 20 kw — IL 7.-
For every kw above 20 kw — IL 2.-
(b) Running charge:
For every kw — 16 pruta

B. TARIFFS FOR WATER SUPPLY PUMPING PURPOSES

1. Tariff "A"
For every kw up to 50,000 kw per month — 37 pruta
For every kw above 50,000 kw in the same month — 32 pruta
2. Tariff "B"
(a) Annual fixed charge:
For every kw of connected load — IL22.- per year
(b) Running charge:
For every kw — 24 pruta
3. Tariff "C" during restricted hours (at night):
(a) Annual fixed charge:
For every kw of connected load up to 20 kw — IL 7.- per year
For every kw above 20 kw — IL 2.- per year
(b) Running charge:
For every kw — 24 pruta

C. FUEL SURCHARGE

The above electricity prices do not include the fuel surcharge per kw which is at present 2 pruta per kw for irrigation purposes and 7 pruta per kw for water supply pumping purposes.

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ADRIATICA

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We wish to express our sincere sympathy to the bereaved family on the tragic death of

Dr. F. PIATTELLI

Dante Alighieri Society, Haifa Committee.

We wish to thank all friends and acquaintances who expressed their sympathy on the passing away of

Jehoshua Landau ז"ל

Tomorrow, Sept. 2, 1957, at 5.30 p.m., the thirtieth day after his death, we will visit his grave at the Kiryat Shaul Cemetery.

Special transport will leave from the Landau home, 6 Rehov Gezer (near Rehov Frishman), Tel Aviv, at 5 p.m.

THE FAMILY

THE JERUSALEM
POST

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Sunday, September 1, 1957
5 Elul, 5717. — 5 Safar, 5677

HALF a million children start out on the new school year today, carrying with them not only their parents' but the nation's chief hope for the future.

EDUCATION FOR THE NATION

Are they receiving the best possible equipment to enable them to carry out their future task? Few people would reply with an unqualified "Yes," particularly if their children are attending Israel's somewhat hide-bound secondary schools, with their unreasonably large proportion of failures. In most of the more advanced parts of the world the educational pendulum has swung from the original aim of the imparting of facts to the so-called development of individuality in the child, and it now appears to be changing direction again, though no-one knows yet quite where it will aim. Possibly it is too much to ask of a school that it train its pupils to operate efficiently in the complex technological world of today, give them an understanding of the history and development of the human race, become a good citizen, and clean their teeth. But these problems faced by educationalists all over the world form only the background of the Israel problem: we have no stable nation with a unified background of language and tradition on which to build. Once more, this year, a sizable proportion of children will arrive at school with little or no knowledge of Hebrew, and nurtured in social and intellectual traditions that are rejected here by the majority.

Only the United States has ever had to face an educational problem of precisely this nature, and there is little doubt in anyone's mind that in America it was the sudden breach with tradition and abrupt sociological changes in the lives of immigrant children which in due course brought about the painful upsurge of delinquency that has been observed there, and perhaps also a certain intellectual superficiality that has come in the wake of national pressure to conform at any price. This nation can only be built of its component parts, whatever they are. There is no perfect pattern yet to which the newcomers must model themselves, and we shall do not only the immigrant children but also ourselves an injustice if we seek conformity with the existing patterns above all else.

A tremendous step was made a few years ago with what was then called the unification of the school system, but which has, in fact, proved to be no more than the merging of the labour and general trends, with the religious schools standing stubbornly aside. It might have been thought that a compromise curriculum offering one view of life would have been preferable for all but the fanatically religious or anti-religious. In fact, there has been some pressure during the past year to extend the separation to secondary and vocational schools, and thereby perpetuate the deep split that cuts through the national primary school system. The establishment of a university with a religious bias to complement a secular university is far from a threat to nation-building, and the real danger lies in teaching impressionable young children that there are two kinds of Jews in Israel, with the inevitable contempt or hostility for those different to themselves. Extending the existing split upwards from the elementary schools, however, will not help. There has been enough trouble in the world with the separate education of Disraeli's "two nations" — the rich and the poor—for us to imitate this mistake on another level.

MUNRO SEEN HEAD OF U.N. ASSEMBLY

UNITED NATIONS, Saturday (UP).—Sir Leslie Knox Munro of New Zealand appeared headed today for the presidency at the 12th General Assembly which opens on September 17.

The New Class (III) — *By Milovan Djilas*

The Classless Myth

In this extract from the book that was smuggled out of Yugoslavia, Djilas explains how the Communist revolutionaries, instead of creating their "classless society," established themselves as a new monopoly class.

EVERYTHING happened differently in the U.S.S.R. and other Communist countries from what the leaders — even such prominent ones as Lenin, Stalin, Trotsky, and Bukharin — anticipated. They expected that the state would rapidly wither away, that democracy would be strengthened. The reverse happened. They expected a rapid improvement in the standard of living — there has been scarcely any change in this respect and, in the subjugated East European countries, the standard has even declined. In every instance, the standard of living has failed to rise in proportion to the rate of industrialization, which was much more rapid. It was believed that the differences between cities and villages, between intellectual and physical labour, would slowly disappear; instead these differences have increased. Communist anticipations in other areas — including their expectations for developments in the non-Communist world — have also failed to materialize.

The greatest illusion was that industrialization and collectivization in the U.S.S.R., and destruction of capitalist ownership, would result in a classless society. In 1936, when the new Constitution was promulgated, Stalin announced that the "exploiting class" had ceased to exist. The capitalist and other classes of ancient origin had in fact been destroyed, but a new class, previously unknown to history, had been formed.

It is understandable that this class, like those before it, should believe that the establishment of its power would result in happiness and freedom for all men. The only difference between this and other classes was that it treated the delay in the realization of its illusions more crudely. It thus affirmed that its power was more complete than the power of any other class before in history, and its class illusions and prejudices were proportionally greater.

New Characteristics

This new class, the bureaucracy, or more accurately the political bureaucracy, has all the characteristics of earlier ones as well as some new characteristics of its own. Its origin had its special characteristics also, even though in essence it was similar to the beginnings of other classes.

Other classes, too, obtained their strength and power in the revolutionary path, destroying the political, social and other orders they met in their way. However, almost without exception, these classes attained power *after* new economic patterns had taken shape in the old society. The case was the reverse with new classes in the Communist systems. It did not come to power to *complete* a new economic order but to *establish* its own and, in so doing, to establish its power over society.

In earlier epochs the coming to power of some class, some part of a class, or of some party, was the final event resulting from its formation and its development. The reverse was true in the U.S.S.R. There the new class was definitely formed after it attained power. Its consciousness had to develop before its economic and physical powers, because the class had not taken root in the life of the nation. This class viewed its role in relation to the world from an idealistic point of view. Its practical possibilities were not diminished by this. In spite of its illusions, it represented an objective tendency toward industrialization. Its practical bent emanated from this tendency. The promise of an ideal world increased the faith in the ranks of the new class and sowed illusions among the masses. At the same time it inspired gigantic physical undertakings.

Because this new class had not been formed as a part of the economic and social life before it came to power, it could only be created in an organization of a special type, distinguished by a special discipline based on identical philosophic and ideological views of its members. A unity of belief and iron discipline was necessary to overcome its weaknesses.

The roots of the new class were implanted in a special party, of the Bolshevik type. Lenin was right in his view that his party was an exception in the history of human society, although he did not suspect that it would be the beginning of a new class.

To be more precise, the initiators of the new class are not found in the party of the Bolshevik type as a whole but in that stratum of professional revolutionaries who made up its core even before it attained power. It was not by accident that Lenin asserted after the failure of the 1905 revolution that only professional revolutionaries — men whose sole profession was revolutionary work — could build a new party of the Bolshevik type. It was still less accidental that even Stalin, the future creator of a new class, was the most outstanding example of such a professional revolutionary. The new ruling class has been gradually developing from this very narrow stratum of revolutionaries. These revolutionaries composed its

STALIN

core for a long period. Trotsky noted that in pre-revolutionary professional revolutionaries was the origin of the future Stalinist bureaucrat. What he did not detect was the beginning of a new class of owners and exploiters.

Parasitic Class

This is not to say that the new party and the new class are identical. The party, however is the core of that class, and its base. It is very difficult, perhaps impossible, to define the limits of the new class and to identify its members. The new class may be said to be made up of those who have special privileges and economic preference because of the administrative monopoly they hold.

Since administration is unavoidable in society, necessary administrative functions may be coexistent with parasitic functions in the same person. Not every member of the party is a member of the new class, any more than every artisan or member of the city party was a bourgeois.

In loose terms, as the new class becomes stronger and attains a more perceptible physiognomy, the role of the new party diminishes. The core and the basis of the new class is created in the party and at its top, as well as in the state political organs. The once live, compact party, full of initiative, is disappearing to become transformed into the traditional oligarchy of the new class, irresistibly drawing into its ranks those who aspire to join the new class and repressing those who have any ideals.

The party makes the class, but the class grows as a result and uses the party as a basis. The class grows stronger, while the party grows weaker; this is the inescapable fate of every Communist party in power.

If it were not materially interested in production or if it did not have within itself the potentialities for the creation of a new class, no party could act in so morally and ideologically foolhardy a fashion, let alone stay in power for long. Stalin declared, after the end of the First Five-Year Plan: "If we had not created the apparatus, we would have failed!" He should have substituted "new class" for the word "apparatus," and everything would have been clearer.

The social origin of the new class lies in the proletariat just as the aristocracy arose in a peasant society, and the bourgeoisie in a commercial and artisans' society. There are exceptions, depending on national conditions, but the proletariat in economically underdeveloped countries, being backward, constitutes the raw material from which the new class arises.

There are other reasons why the new class always acts as the champion of the working class. The new class is anti-capitalistic and consequently, logically dependent upon the working strata. The new class is supported by the proletarian struggle and the traditional faith of the proletariat in a socialist, Communist society where there is no brutal exploitation. It is vitally important for the new class to assure a normal flow of production, hence it cannot ever lose its connection with the proletariat. Most important of all, the new class cannot achieve industrialization and consolidate its power without the help of the working class. On the other hand, the working class sees in expanded industry the salvation from its poverty and despair. Over a long period of time, the interests, ideas, faith, and hope of the new class, and of parts of the working class and of the poor peasants, coincide and unite.

Complete Monopoly

The monopoly which the new class establishes in the name of the working class over the whole society is, primarily, a monopoly over the working class itself. This monopoly is first intellectual, over the so-called *avant-garde* proletariat, and then over the whole proletariat. This is the biggest deception the class must accomplish, but it shows that the power and interests of the new class lie primarily in industry. Without industry the new class cannot consolidate its position or authority.

Former sons of the working class are the most steadfast members of the new class. It has always been the fate of slaves to provide for their masters the most clever and gifted representatives. In this case a new exploiting and governing class is born from the exploited class.

(To be continued)

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RUSSIA'S INTERCONTINENTAL MISSILE LEAD

By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

Miracle of Meshta Kebira

Report from Algeria

By MAURICE CARR

MESHTA KEBIRA lies in Eastern Algeria, on the southern slopes of the towering range of coastal mountains. It is a tiny village which will not be found on any ordinary map, and in any case it changed its location recently. For here we have a strange case of the mountain coming, as it were, to Mohammed. Civilization had shunned Meshta Kebira for centuries, so in the end Meshta Kebira came to civilization.

Time was when Meshta Kebira knew the art of fine living, up to 1,500 years ago, when the Barbary province of North Africa was — under Roman rule — a flourishing garden, the "bread-basket" of the old Mediterranean world. After the collapse of Imperial Rome and Byzantum, the Arab invaders swept through the Maghreb. Irrigation broke down. Soil erosion set in as the goats devoured the protective shrubbery. The land became a wilderness. At Meshta Kebira the only visible traces of its former glory are the beautifully carved tombstones, the slabs of marble from the ruins of sumptuous Roman villas, which the villagers still use as building material for their hovels; they simply lay one stone on top of another, for in these parts the people have not yet learned to plaster their walls.

Until recently, there was no road to Meshta Kebira. Its inhabitants lived off the land, whose surface they scratched with their archaic wooden, iron-tipped ploughs. They engaged in a little barter, but sold nothing, bought nothing, had no money, and therefore seldom, if ever, went to the market held on the other side of Djebel Aougueb, a day's march away. They had no truck with the outside world.

Shield from Rebels

When the rebellion broke out, however, the villagers lent a willing ear to the F.L.N. heralds of a new golden age which would begin as soon as the sorrows of the past had all been washed away with the blood of the infidels. But the F.L.N. liberators governed Meshta Kebira with a heavy hand; and after a local clash in which seven *fellaghas* and two French soldiers were killed, the village elders came to the French begging *ammas*, pardon.

Meshta Kebira, like hundreds of other Algerian villages, asked to be shielded from the rebels by the establishment of a permanent military post in their immediate vicinity. But here, as elsewhere, the French said it was impossible for lack of manpower. In the end, however, it was decided to shift Meshta Kebira from its mountain nest to the plateau where the villagers own land. A French detachment of 30 men was assigned to the area; later the force was reduced to 10 men.

Three months ago, a band of 35 *fellaghas* raided the place and abducted eight villagers. It was feared that this blow would shatter Meshta Kebira's confidence in the French, that the elders might now turn to the F.L.N. for *ammas*. They did not flinch. A young Arab who had been ordered by the *fellaghas*, on pain of death, to assassinate a French officer, gave himself up. To this young man and nine others, the French issued rifles; so a *harka*, a Moslem self-defence unit, was set up at Meshta Kebira.

In scores of villages up and down Algeria we saw *harkas*, composed in each case of about 10 Berbers or Arabs who keep constant guard against the roving *fellaghas*. Theirs is a perilous task, for more often than not the nearest French post is miles away, although the newly constructed roads and tracks make it possible for motorized help to arrive in a matter of hours where previously infantry would have taken a day and a night to clamber over the mountain paths. Already more than 20,000 Moslems have enrolled, and so far there have been three times as many desertions from the *fellaghas* to the *harkas* than the other way round.

The red-fezzed *harka* that proudly presented arms when our party reached Meshta Kebira over the new macadamized highway made an unforgettable sight, if only because one member — a reformed *fellagha* — was absolutely the living image of Nasser; his figure was rather smaller than that of the Egyptian dictator, but his toothy grin was just as big. On the other hand, the French commanding officer who accompanied us, Colonel de Boissieu, bore a curious resemblance, albeit on a reduced scale, to General de Gaulle, who is his father-in-law.

Revolutionary Changes

The new Meshta Kebira has moved away from the old not only in space, but also in time; indeed, it is still somewhere in mid-air, hurtling through the centuries. Last spring the village was placed in charge of an S.A.R. (Rural Administrative Section) officer — youthful, almost adolescent, Lieutenant Moriko, who is an agricultural engineer. Provided as he was with an adequate budget — his wages bill alone comes to 2m. francs a month — he set the villagers to work changing the face of the land.

With the peasants' consent, their holdings were redistributed. Hitherto, by virtue of the ancient tribal laws, the soil was divided up into minute and widely scattered patches, hedged in with stones. A family might have several such patches miles distant from each other. The hedges have now been removed. Every family has been apportioned a single large holding. The rich subsoil, which had never seen the light of day, has been turned up with the help of a tractor. Over an area of 50 hectares, long ridges of earth — rather like low straight walls — have been heaped up by a bulldozer to serve as barriers against erosion. Irrigation channels are being dug; a prodigious supply of water—35 cubes per hour — has been found in a newly-bored artesian well; before that, the only available water came from the holes of a muddy *oued* which runs virtually dry for most of the year.

Next year Meshta Kebira should be reaping a harvest 10 to 20 times richer than that of a year ago, what with abundant water, improved tillage, and more than three times as much land under cultivation — 500 dunams now against a bare 150 formerly.

As wage-earners, the villagers already prosper beyond their wildest dreams. The solitary little store, which used to stock nothing but paraffin and soap and salt, today sells everything from sugar, cheese and sweetmeats to clothes, footwear and bicycles.

The villagers dwell hard by the military post, in a row of brand-new cottages. These were built with windows. The men wanted to brick them up, to keep out prying eyes. The women came to implore the French not to let them be immured again. Finally a compromise was reached: tarpaulin sheets were nailed over the windows. We were told that the women — we did not see any, they were all kept indoors — have taken to visiting one another, and their husbands cannot stop them.

Shadow of Goal Posts

The children attend a school run by an officer's wife. When lessons are over — the curriculum is the same as in any French elementary school, except that the class recites, *"Voici Ali, Voici Omar"* instead of *"Voici Pierre, Voici Jean"* — the mistress takes her pupils out for physical drill. Even the little girls turn out in shorts.

The adults, too, play games on a field next to the nursery where baby walnut trees, potted and sheltered with little stone walls, are tended. Of an evening, when the day's work is done, the villagers take off their shoes the better to punt a football around between the pair of goalposts, which stand like a picture frame for the background mountains where the *fellaghas* lurk.

The rebels still cast their shadow over Meshta Kebira and make their presence felt whenever they can. Not long ago they broke into a nearby mansion where Captain Girard, the famous lion-hunter, made his home in 1840 — in those days the lion still roared hereabouts. The *fellaghas* smashed everything, from roof to cellar and down to the last baluster of the staircase, in a frenzy of destruction.

Well may the men of the F.L.N. be furious, for what is happening at Meshta Kebira is a mortal threat to them and, in fact, to all extremists in Algeria, in both camps. This is no longer pacification, this is the beginning of peace; this is where *liberté, égalité, fraternité* turn from mere legends on coins and on public buildings, into living everyday realities.

This is the eighth of nine articles on Algeria. The first seven appeared on August 9, 12, 16, 19, 23, 25 and 30.

Readers' Letters

OIL FLOW

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — When towards the end of the war the British pushed the French out of Syria they little thought that by this measure they were making room for the Russians. Now that Russia has made the best of this unique opportunity much of the pipeline system from Iraq and the port facilities in Syria have come under Russian control. So much of the oil supply of Western Europe is at the mercy of Russia and Egypt.

Common sense would suggest that this is the moment to try to re-open the pipeline to Haifa, idle for nine years, in order to have a safe outlet for Iraqi oil to the Mediterranean.

Unfortunately high politics have no room for common sense. At this very moment the Shell and British Petroleum companies decide, upon advice or at least with the approval of the British Government to withdraw from Israel. Certainly they will earn Nasser's eternal thanks and friendship—as long as they last. But if some day the political constellation makes it advisable for Nasser to block the Canal and for the Syrians to stop the flow of oil then what?

Iraq's own interest in the continued flow of oil should make her more inclined than ever since 1948 to reopen the Haifa pipeline. But after the withdrawal of Shell and B.P from Haifa, who is in a position to work for such a plan?

Yours, etc.
H. LOEVEN

Haifa, August 19

AFRO-ASIAN STUDIES

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The suggestion contained in your leading article of August 14, that the time has come to provide in Israel specialized courses on the Far East and Africa, should be widely welcomed by the Israel public. It was rightly pointed out that there can be no intelligent understanding of our neighbours in eastern Asia and Africa unless it is grounded in the solid foundation of the study of these countries.

As the volume of Israel's contacts with these parts of the world increases, it becomes ever more necessary that a school of Asian and African studies be established at the Hebrew University.

The curriculum might follow the pattern already set down by the "area studies" at many American universities. As the name implies, the focus of these studies is an area or a country: its history, geography, politics, economics, literature, religion and last, perhaps most important, language. Thus, Harvard has an institute of Russian studies and Columbia one on the Far East. I emphasize the place of language in the curriculum. Imagine undertaking serious work on France without knowing French, or of England without English—or of... Israel without Hebrew.

Three problems spring to mind immediately in connection with the creation of such a school: budget, teaching staff and library. I could see the funds coming, say, from the University, the government, the Histadrut and the Manufacturers Association. There are already precedents for the collaboration of public and private interests towards an educational end.

The thorny problem of teaching personnel might be solved, for example, through the exchange of scholars between the University and foreign schools, and by using competent Israelis. Our library facilities are woefully inadequate. An inquiry I made last year elicited the information that the National and University Library in Jerusalem has fewer than 500 items all together on China, Japan and Burma.

It may be considered for a number of reasons that such a school embrace as well the courses on the Islamic countries and Arabic, Persia and Persian and so on—generally those that can be gathered together under the rubric of "western Asia." Whether this is done or not does not gainsay the basic proposal. The most practical way of thrashing out what the establishment of such a school involves might be for the Minister of Education to submit the question to a qualified commission of academic, government and public representatives.

Yours, etc.
AL. ALTMAN

London, August 18.

CLUB FOR THE BLIND

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — As one of the guests at the opening ceremony of the Club for the Blind in Jaffa (35 Rehov Yehuda Hayamith), I was delighted at the wonderful performance of the Sambatyon Theatre which did much to make a real success of the occasion. The blind people present (as well as all the other guests) laughed very heartily, and one could see that they thoroughly enjoyed themselves and had a happy hour. I was told that Sambatyon had given this performance as a voluntary contribution.

It would be a really good thing if other troupes, actors and musicians would follow suit and put their talents at the service of this good cause, once in a while, so that the Club could give its members such an entertainment more often.

I should be glad if this letter would encourage members of the public, and in particular actors willing to help in the above-mentioned sense. I should be grateful if they would contact the Management of the Club at 9 Rehov Zeitlin, Tel Aviv.

Yours, etc.
I. R.
(Name and address supplied)
Tel Aviv, August 16.

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★

Write or phone, after September 3, Jack Kay, c/o Dan Hotel, 99 Rehov Haparkon, Tel Aviv.

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Friday's Press

Bridging Dangerous Gaps

Ha'aretz (non-party) supports Mr. Horowitz in his oft-repeated recommendations for closing the two dangerous gaps of our economy—between our productivity and our purchasing power, and between our prices and world prices, while **Haboker** (General Zionist) voices the opinion that the measures required for putting us on the road to a sound economic policy are beyond the reach of a Mapai-led government in the year before an election year.

Davar (Histadrut) defends Mr. Sahar and in particular the deal by which 12 Dodge cars were acquired in the U.S. for high police officials. Dubbing the **Ha'aretz** demand for the Inspector-General's resignation demagogic, it goes on to explain that our police is more honest than that of many civilized countries, and specifically that the cars were bought in America because they were cheapest there and that they were stripped of all their luxurious accessories.

In **Lamerhav** (Ahdut Ha'avoda) Y. Ben-Oren sums up two years of labour coalition and voices the apprehension that it may break down on issues of economic policy, while **Al Hamishmar** (Mapam) continues the publication, begun last Friday, of pages upon pages outlining the party programme approved by the Mapam Central Committee for discussion by party branches in preparation for the convention three months hence.

Together with **Hamodia** (World Aguda) the Mapam paper examines editorially the new interbloc realities of the Soviet advance in the Middle East. On the same topic, **Herut** writes that the only clear feature of Washington's lamentable confusion is the conclusion to move yet further from support of Israel. Yet in an issue so vitally affecting us, our government remains silent and inactive.

Hatzofe (World Mizrahi) devotes a page to the 22nd anniversary of Rabbi Kook's death.

MUSICAL DIARY

"Shulamit" — Music by Moshe Wilensky. Lyrics by Mohar. Choreography by Gertrude Kraus, with Shoshana Damari singing the title role.

IN a substantial chain of unsuccessful attempts to create a purely Israel musical, Mr. Wilensky's present contribution can beyond doubt be considered as the first real achievement in this field. Although it consists of the usual agglomeration of independent songs — some of which are certainly likely to become hits — the music is treated as in a full-fledged operetta in the lighter vein with the usual duets, terzets, choral numbers and ballet scenes. Although it employs an orchestra of some 15 musicians only, Mr. Wilensky's orchestrations have a full sound and often create an atmosphere appropriate to the subject treated.

Mohar's lyrics seem to fit Wilensky's music like a glove; and no wonder, for these two songwriters have long been virtually a team.

The dances have been prepared with a sure and expert hand so that the performance is well disciplined, but the choreography itself is not very exciting and never leaves the beaten track.

Miss Damari is too much of a *soubrette* in her acting to be a suitable Shulamit, but when singing she always keeps the listener under her spell. Itzhak Immanuel as Absalom is certainly a discovery. Although very young and completely unknown, at least to this reviewer, he sang and acted with astonishing maturity.

Mr. Val's new production, which must have cost him a very great deal of money, is certainly an important addition to Do-Re-Mi's long list of achievements and if something is done to infuse a more lively pace to the whole action, this operetta may turn out to be a great favourite with Israel audiences.

AVIDOM

Ministry of Labour — Housing Division

Mif'al Hahisachon L'vinyan Laoleh

New immigrants with limited means, who arrived in Israel after October 15, 1956, or whose relatives in Israel or abroad are prepared to assist them — are entitled to acquire a flat through

MIF'AL HAHISACHON L'VINYAN LAOLEH

Such immigrants, who are now living in flats of the Absorption Department of the Jewish Agency, may join the Mif'al Hahisachon L'vinyan Laoleh, on the condition that they return the flat they received.

Flats in Mif'al Hahisachon Laoleh are of two types, and registrants must pay IL500 upon registration. A cash amount of IL2,200—IL3,400 for one type of flat, and IL1,200—IL2,400 for smaller flats, must be paid before entry into the flat.

Full particulars on the conditions of registration in Mif'al Hahisachon L'vinyan Laoleh are obtainable at all offices of the Housing Division and the Absorption Department of the Jewish Agency.

MIF'AL HAHISACHON L'VINYAN

We hereby announce to all savers that the building index rose by 7.3% in the month of July 1957.

All savers will be credited by the insurance of the value on amounts they saved in the Mif'al Hahisachon L'vinyan until July 30, 1957, inclusive, at the rate of 7.3% — in addition to the 4% interest, which they receive on their savings, totalling 11.3%

Full particulars on Mif'al Hahisachon L'vinyan, are obtainable at the offices of the Housing Division of the Ministry of Labour and at the offices of the Amidar Company.

British Commonwealth Insurance Company Limited

BALANCE SHEET AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955, AND DECEMBER 31, 1956

1955 £		£	1956 £	1955 £		£	1956 £
	Capital—Authorised and Issued				**Investments at or under Cost**		
500,000	500,000 Shares of £1 each fully paid		500,000		British Government Securities	704,829	
147,735	Profit and Loss Account—Surplus		128,501		Other Commonwealth Government Securities	292,467	
647,735			628,501		Foreign Government Securities	38,039	
	Insurance Funds				Debenture, Preference and Ordinary Stocks and Shares	107,658	
1,332,684	Marine	1,317,900		1,200,302	Freehold and Leasehold Property	47,422	
144,218	Fire and General	185,464					1,180,815
			1,503,364		**Current Assets**		
	Current Liabilities and Provisions				Sundry Debtors, including reserves in hands of Ceding		
	Claims admitted or intimated but not paid, less Reinsurance Recoveries: Fire and General	117,481		180,671	Companies bearing interest	194,589	
90,310	Amounts due to other Insurance Companies, including amounts retained as reserves	217,809			Andrew Weir Marine Group—being net amount due from		
202,530	Sundry Creditors and Provisions, including Taxation	20,120		427,408	Brokers and Agents	367,426	
35,443				114,253	Deposits at Interest Abroad	119,372	
			355,360		Cash at Bankers—at Home and		
				515,444	Overseas and at Short Call	597,424	
					Amount due by Fellow Subsidiaries	27,599	
				14,627			
							1,306,410
£2,452,900			£2,487,225	£2,452,900			£2,487,225

NOTES—1. Part of the Assets is deposited (a) under local laws as security to holders of policies there issued and (b) as guarantee for the payment of claims under certain Marine Policies of this and other Companies.
2. Assets and Liabilities in Overseas Currencies have been converted at the rates of exchange ruling on December 31, 1956.
3. There are Contingent Liabilities of £34,604 in respect of Investments not fully paid up, and under guarantees in respect of foreign business.
4. The market value at December 31, 1956, of Stock Exchange Investments and the estimated value of other investments exceeds in the aggregate the Book value thereof, and, in our belief other assets are fully of the values stated in the Balance Sheet.

LONDON, April 10, 1957.

INVERFORTH, ROY WEIR, Directors

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

1955 £		£	1956 £	1955 £		£	1956 £
54,472	Interest and Dividends Gross	58,650		5,631	Directors' Fees		5,456
85,323	Transferred from Marine Account	110,986		50,127	Expenses not charged to other Accounts		52,908
				18,576	Transferred to Fire and General Account		38,096
				40,000	Transferred to Taxation Account		40,000
				25,101	Balance carried down		33,276
£139,795		£169,636		£139,795			£169,636
142,624	Balance as at January 1, 1956	147,725		20,000	Transferred to Investment Reserve		52,500
25,101	Balance brought down	33,276		147,725	Balance as per Balance Sheet		128,901
£167,725		£181,001		£167,725			£181,001

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT OF ISRAEL AGENCY OF THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1955 AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1956

1955 IL.		1956 IL.	1955 IL.		1956 IL.
—	Profit transferred from Marine Account	2,034	914	Loss transferred from Marine Account	—
150	Interest not credited to other accounts	150		Head office expenses not charged to other	
918	Balance—loss for year 1955	—	154	accounts	214
			—	Balance—Profit for year 1956	1,970
IL.1,068		IL.2,184	IL.1,068		IL.2,184

We have examined the above statement with the books and records of the British Commonwealth Insurance Company Limited so far as they concern business conducted in Israel for the year to December 31, 1956, and for the year to December 31, 1956, and certify that it is in accordance therewith.

LONDON, July 6, 1956 and April 4, 1957.

(Signed) JACKSON, TAYLOR, ABERNETHY & CO.
Chartered Accountants

Agents and Attorneys: UNIVERSAL INSURANCES LIMITED, 130 ALLENBY ROAD, TEL AVIV.